TP-LINK®

User Guide

TD-W8970B

300Mbps Wireless N Gigabit ADSL2+ Modem Router (Annex B)



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FCC STATEMENT



This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/ TV technician for help.

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1) This device may not cause harmful interference.
- 2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Note: The manufacturer is not responsible for any radio or tv interference caused by unauthorized modifications to this equipment. Such modifications could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

FCC RF Radiation Exposure Statement

This equipment complies with FCC RF radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This device and its antenna must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

"To comply with FCC RF exposure compliance requirements, this grant is applicable to only Mobile Configurations. The antennas used for this transmitter must be installed to provide a separation distance of at least 20 cm from all persons and must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter."

CE Mark Warning

This is a class B product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

Canadian Compliance Statement

This device complies with Industry Canada license-exempt RSS standard(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1)This device may not cause interference, and

(2)This device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

Cet appareil est conforme aux norms CNR exemptes de licence d'Industrie Canada. Le fonctionnement est soumis aux deux conditions suivantes:

(1)cet appareil ne doit pas provoquer d'interférences et

(2)cet appareil doit accepter toute interférence, y compris celles susceptibles de provoquer un fonctionnement non souhaité de l'appareil.

This device has been designed to operate with the antennas listed below, and having a maximum gain of 5dBi. Antennas not included in this list or having a gain greater than 5dBi are strictly prohibited for use with this device. The required antenna impedance is 50 ohms.

To reduce potential radio interference to other users, the antenna type and its gain should be so chosen that the equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) is not more than that permitted for successful communication.

Industry Canada Statement

Complies with the Canadian ICES-003 Class B specifications.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe B est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.

This device complies with RSS 210 of Industry Canada. This Class B device meets all the requirements of the Canadian interference-causing equipment regulations.

Cet appareil numérique de la Classe B respecte toutes les exigences du Règlement sur le matériel brouilleur du Canada.

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NCC Notice & BSMI Notice

注意!

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第十二條 經型式認證合格之低功率射頻電機,非經許可,公司、商號或使用者均不得擅自變更頻率、 加大功率或變更原設計之特性或功能。

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- 請使用原裝電源供應器或只能按照本產品注明的電源類型使用本產品。
- 清潔本產品之前請先拔掉電源線。請勿使用液體、噴霧清潔劑或濕布進行清潔。
- 注意防潮,請勿將水或其他液體潑灑到本產品上。
- 插槽與開口供通風使用,以確保本產品的操作可靠並防止過熱,請勿堵塞或覆蓋開口。
- 請勿將本產品置放於靠近熱源的地方。除非有正常的通風,否則不可放在密閉位置中。
- 請不要私自打開機殼,不要嘗試自行維修本產品,請由授權的專業人士進行此項工作。



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Safety Information

- When product has power button, the power button is one of the way to shut off the product; when there is no power button, the only way to completely shut off power is to disconnect the product or the power adapter from the power source.
- Don't disassemble the product, or make repairs yourself. You run the risk of electric shock and voiding the limited warranty. If you need service, please contact us.
- Avoid water and wet locations.

This product can be used in the following countries:

AT	BG	BY	CA	CZ	DE	DK	EE
ES	FI	FR	GB	GR	HU	IE	IT
LT	LV	MT	NL	NO	PL	PT	RO
RU	SE	SK	TR	UA			

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

For the following equipment:

Product Description: 300Mbps Wireless N Gigabit ADSL2+ Modem Router (Annex B)

Model No.: TD-W8970B

Trademark: TP-LINK

We declare under our own responsibility that the above products satisfy all the technical regulations applicable to the product within the scope of Council Directives:

Directives 1999/5/EC, Directives 2004/108/EC, Directives 2006/95/EC, Directives 1999/519/EC, Directives 2011/65/EU

The above product is in conformity with the following standards or other normative documents

ETSI EN 300 328 V1.7.1: 2006 ETSI EN 301 489-1 V1.9.2:2011& ETSI EN 301 489-17 V2.2.1:2012 EN 55022:2010 EN 55024:2010 EN 61000-3-2:2006+A1:2009+A2:2009 EN 61000-3-3:2008 EN60950-1:2006+A11: 2009+A1:2010+A12:2011 EN62311:2008

The product carries the CE Mark:



Person responsible for marking this declaration:

Yang Hongliang Product Manager of International Business

Date of issue: 2013

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Package Contents

The following contents should be found in your package:

- > One TD-W8970B 300Mbps Wireless N Gigabit ADSL2+ Modem Router (Annex B)
- One Power Adapter for TD-W8970B 300Mbps Wireless N Gigabit ADSL2+ Modem Router (Annex B)
- Quick Installation Guide
- One RJ45 cable
- Two RJ11 cables
- One ADSL splitter
- One Resource CD for TD-W8970B 300Mbps Wireless N Gigabit ADSL2+ Modem Router (Annex B), including:
 - This User Guide
 - Other Helpful Information

PNote:

Make sure that the package contains the above items. If any of the listed items are damaged or missing, please contact your distributor.

Chapter 1. Product Overview

Thank you for choosing the **TD-W8970B 300Mbps Wireless N Gigabit ADSL2+ Modem Router** (Annex B).

1.1 Overview of the Modem Router

The TD-W8970B 300Mbps Wireless N Gigabit ADSL2+ Modem Router (Annex B) integrates 4-port Switch, Firewall, NAT-Router and Wireless AP. Powered by 3X3 MIMO technology, the Wireless N Router delivers exceptional range and speed, which can fully meet the need of Small Office/Home Office (SOHO) networks and the users demanding higher networking performance.

The TD-W8970B 300Mbps Wireless N Gigabit ADSL2+ Modem Router (Annex B) utilizes integrated ADSL2+ transceiver and high speed MIPS CPU. The Router supports full-rate ADSL2+ connectivity conforming to the ITU and ANSI specifications.

In addition to the basic DMT physical layer functions, the ADSL2+ PHY supports dual latency ADSL2+ framing (fast and interleaved) and the I.432 ATM Physical Layer.

The router provides up to 300Mbps wireless connection with other 802.11n wireless clients. The incredible speed makes it ideal for handling multiple data streams at the same time, which ensures your network stable and smooth. The performance of this 802.11n wireless Router will give you the unexpected networking experience at speed 650% faster than 802.11g. It is also compatible with all IEEE 802.11g and IEEE 802.11b products.

With multiple protection measures, including SSID broadcast control and wireless LAN 64/128 WEP encryption, Wi-Fi protected Access (WPA2-PSK, WPA-PSK), as well as advanced Firewall protections, the TD-W8970B 300Mbps Wireless N Gigabit ADSL2+ Modem Router (Annex B) provides complete data privacy.

The Router provides flexible access control, so that parents or network administrators can establish restricted access policies for children or staff. It also supports Virtual Server and DMZ host for Port Triggering, and then the network administrators can manage and monitor the network in real time with the remote management function.

Since the Router is compatible with virtually all the major operating systems, it is very easy to manage. Quick Setup Wizard is supported and detailed instructions are provided step by step in this user guide. Before installing the Router, please look through this guide to know all the Router's functions.

1.2 Main Features

- Maximum wireless speed up to 300Mbps at 2.4GHz.
- ▶ Four 10/100/1000Mbps Auto-Negotiation RJ45 LAN ports (Auto MDI/MDIX), one RJ11 port.
- Provides external splitter.
- > Adopts Advanced DMT modulation and demodulation technology.
- Supports bridge mode and Router function.
- > Multi-user sharing a high-speed Internet connection.
- > Downstream data rates up to 24Mbps, upstream data rates up to 1Mbps.
- Supports long transfers, the max line length can reach to 6.5Km.
- Supports remote configuration and management through SNMP and CWMP.
- Supports PPPoE, it allows connecting the internet on demand and disconnecting from the Internet when idle.
- Provides reliable ESD and surge-protect function with quick response semi-conductive surge protection circuit.
- > High speed and asymmetrical data transmit mode, provides safe and exclusive bandwidth.
- Supports All ADSL industrial standards.
- > Compatible with all mainstreams DSLAM (CO).
- > Provides integrated access of internet and route function which face to SOHO user.
- > Real-time Configuration and device monitoring.
- Supports Multiple PVC (Permanent Virtual Circuit).
- Built-in DHCP server.
- > Built-in firewall, supporting IP/MAC filter and URL filter.
- Supports Virtual Server, DMZ host and Port Triggering.
- Supports Dynamic DNS, UPnP and Static Routing.
- > Supports system log and flow Statistics.
- Supports firmware upgrade and Web management.
- > Provides WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK data security, TKIP/AES encryption security.
- Provides 64/128-bit WEP encryption security and wireless LAN ACL (Access Control List).
- Supports 3G/3.75G USB Modem Sharing, USB Storage Sharing, Print Server, FTP Server, Media Server.
- Supports Ethernet WAN (EWAN).
- Supports Bandwidth Control.
- Supports IPv6

1.3 Panel Layout

1.3.1 The Front Panel





The modem router's LEDs are located on the front panel (View from left to right). They indicate the device's working status. For details, please refer to LED Explanation.

LED Explanation:

Name	Status	Indication		
	On	The modem router is powered on.		
(Power)	Off	The modem router is off. Please ensure that the power adapter is connected correctly.		
	On	ADSL line is synchronized and ready to use.		
^{ඥා} (ADSL)	Flash	The ADSL negotiation is in progress.		
	Off	ADSL synchronization fails. Please refer to <u>Note 1</u> for troubleshooting.		
	On	The network is available with a successful Internet connection.		
	Flash	There is data being transmitted or received via the Internet.		
	Off	There is no successful Internet connection or the modem router is operating in Bridge mode. Please refer to <u>Note 2</u> for troubleshooting.		
裔(WLAN)	Flash	Wireless is enabled.		
	Off	Wireless is disabled.		

	On	A wireless device has been successfully added to the network by WPS function.				
ନ୍ତ୍ରି(WPS)	Slow Flash	WPS handshaking is in process and will continue for about 2 minutes. Please press the WPS button on other wireless devices that you want to add to the network while the LED is flashing.				
	Quick Flash	A wireless device has failed to be added to the network by WF function. Please refer to $4.7.2$ WPS Settings for mo information.				
	On	There is a device connected to this LAN port.				
묘(LAN1-4)	Flash	The modem router is sending or receiving data over this LAN port.				
	Off	There is no device connected to this LAN port.				
O (USB on the	Off	No storage device or printer is plugged into the USB port.				
back panel)	On	A storage device or printer has connected to the USB port.				

P Note:

- If the ADSL LED is off, please check your Internet connection first. Refer to <u>2.3 Connecting</u> the Modem Router for more information about how to make Internet connection correctly. If you have already made a right connection, please contact your ISP to make sure if your Internet service is available now.
- If the Internet LED is off, please check your ADSL LED first. If your ADSL LED is also off, please refer to <u>Note 1</u>. If your ADSL LED is GREEN ON, please check your Internet configuration. You may need to check this part of information with your ISP and make sure everything have been input correctly.

1.3.2 The Back Panel



Figure 1-2

- ADSL: Through the port, you can connect the modem router with the telephone. Or you can connect them by an external separate splitter. For details, please refer to <u>2.3 Connecting the Modem Router</u>.
- > **USB1, USB2**: The USB port connects to a USB storage device or a USB printer.
- > WPS: The switch for the WPS function. For details, please refer to <u>4.7.2 WPS Settings.</u>
- **WiFi**: The switch for the WiFi function. Move it to left /right to enable/disable the WiFi function.
- > **RESET**: There are two ways to reset the modem router's factory defaults.

Method one: With the modem router powered on, use a pin to press and hold the Reset button for at least 5 seconds. And the Router will reboot to its factory default settings.

Method two: Restore the default setting from "Maintenance-SysRestart" of the modem router's Web-based Utility.

- LAN4/WAN, LAN3, LAN2, LAN1: Through these ports, you can connect the modem router to your PC or the other Ethernet network devices. Enable EWAN function and you will be able to connect to Cable/FTTH/VDSL/ADSL device.
- > **ON/OFF**: The switch for the power.
- > **POWER**: The Power plug is where you will connect the power adapter.
- > Antennas: Used for wireless operation and data transmit.

Chapter 2. Connecting the Modem Router

2.1 System Requirements

- > Broadband Internet Access Service (DSL/Cable/Ethernet).
- > PCs with a working Ethernet Adapter and an Ethernet cable with RJ45 connectors.
- > TCP/IP protocol on each PC.
- > Web browser, such as Microsoft Internet Explorer, Mozilla Firefox or Apple Safari.

2.2 Installation Environment Requirements

- > The Product should not be located where it will be exposed to moisture or excessive heat.
- Place the Router in a location where it can be connected to the various devices as well as to a power source.
- Make sure the cables and power cord are safely placed out of the way so they do not create a tripping hazard.
- > The Router can be placed on a shelf or desktop.
- Keep away from the strong electromagnetic radiation and the device of electromagnetic sensitive.

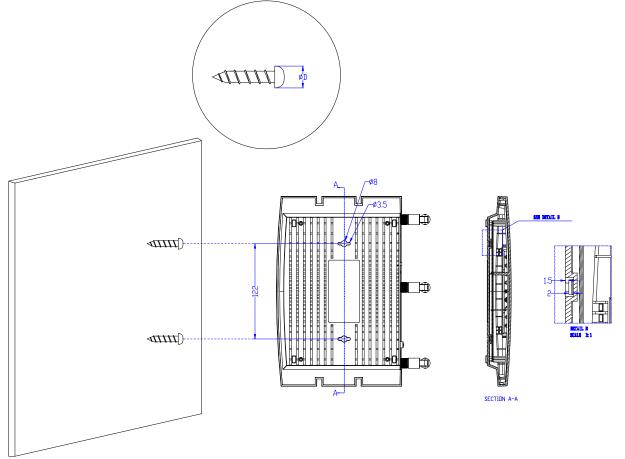


Figure 2-1

Note:

The diameter of the screw, 3.5mm<D<8mm, and the distance of two screws is 122mm. The screw that project from the wall need around 4mm based, and the length of the screw need to be at least 20mm to withstand the weight of the product.

2.3 Connecting the Modem Router

Before installing the device, please make sure your broadband service provided by your ISP is available. If there is any problem, please contact your ISP. Before cable connection, cut off the power supply and keep your hands dry. You can follow the steps below to install it.

Step 1: Connect the ADSL Line.

Method one: Plug one end of the twisted-pair ADSL cable into the ADSL port on the rear panel of TD-W8970B, and insert the other end into the wall socket.

Method two: You can use a separate splitter. External splitter can divide the data and voice, and then you can access the Internet and make calls at the same time. The external splitter has three ports:

- LINE: Connect to the wall jack
- PHONE: Connect to the phone sets
- MODEM: Connect to the ADSL port of TD-W8970B

Plug one end of the twisted-pair ADSL cable into the ADSL port on the rear panel of TD-W8970B. Connect the other end to the MODEM port of the external splitter.

- Step 2: Connect the Ethernet cable. Attach one end of a network cable to your computer's Ethernet port or a regular hub/switch port, and the other end to the LAN port on the modem routerTD-W8970B.
- **Step 3:** Power on the computers and LAN devices.
- **Step 4:** Attach the power adapter. Connect the power adapter to the power connector on the rear of the device and plug in the adapter to an electrical outlet or power extension. The electrical outlet shall be installed near the device and shall be easily accessible.

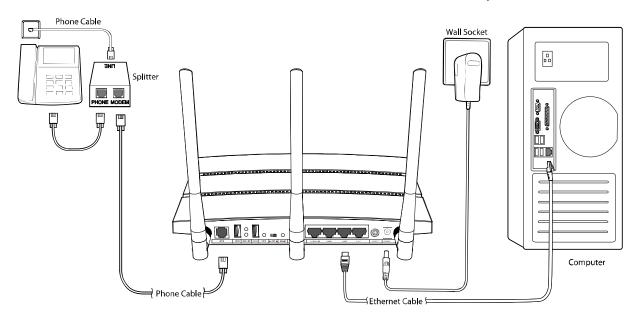


Figure 2-2

Chapter 3. Quick Installation Guide

3.1 Configuring the PC

After you directly connect your PC to the modem router TD-W8970B or connect your adapter to a Hub/Switch which has connected to the modem router, you need to configure your PC's IP address. Follow the steps below to configure it.

Step 1: Click the Start menu on your desktop, right click My Network Places, and then select Properties (shown in Figure 3-1).

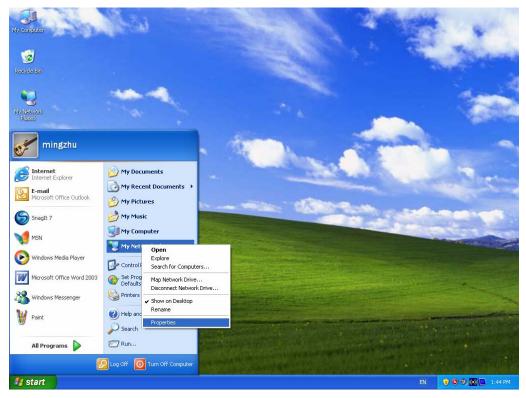
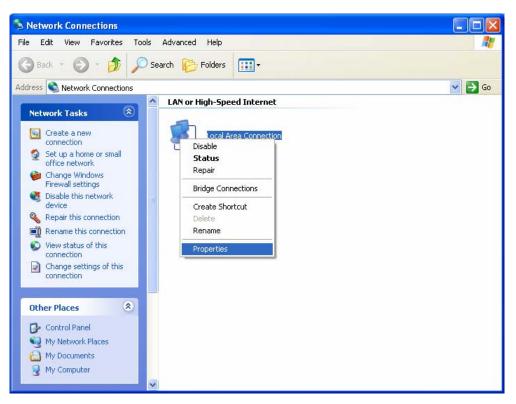


Figure 3-1

Step 2: Right click Local Area Connection (LAN), and then select Properties.





Step 3: Select General tab, highlight Internet Protocol (TCP/IP), and then click the Properties button.

🕹 Local Area Connection Properties 🛛 🛛 🛛 🔀
General Authentication Advanced
Connect using:
Realtek RTL8139 Family PCI Fast Etł Configure
This connection uses the following items:
Client for Microsoft Networks
 File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks QoS Packet Scheduler
✓ Toternet Protocol (TCP/IP)
Install Uninstall Properties
Description Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. The default
wide area network protocol/internet Protocol. The default wide area network protocol that provides communication across diverse interconnected networks.
 Show icon in notification area when connected Notify me when this connection has limited or no connectivity
OK Cancel



Step 4: Configure the IP address as Figure 3-4 shows. After that, click OK.

Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Proper	rties 🛛 🛛 🔀					
General						
You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings.						
Obtain an IP address automatically	,					
Ose the following IP address:						
IP address:	192.168.1.2					
S <u>u</u> bnet mask:	255 . 255 . 255 . 0					
Default gateway:	192.168.1.1					
O Dbtain DNS server address automatically						
• Use the following DNS server add						
Preferred DNS server:	192.168.1.1					
Alternate DNS server:	· · ·					
Ad <u>v</u> anced						
	OK Cancel					

Figure 3-4

Note:

You can configure the PC to get an IP address automatically, select "Obtain an IP address automatically" and "Obtain DNS server address automatically" in the screen above.

Now, you can run the Ping command in the command prompt to verify the network connection. Please click the **Start** menu on your desktop, select **run** tab, type **cmd or command** in the field and press **Enter**. Type **ping 192.168.1.1** on the next screen, and then press **Enter**.

If the result displayed is similar to the screen below, the connection between your PC and the modem router has been established.

Pinging 192.168.1.1 with 32 bytes of data: Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64 Ping statistics for 192.168.1.1: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms



If the result displayed is similar to the screen shown below, it means that your PC has not connected to the modem router.

```
Pinging 192.168.1.1 with 32 bytes of data:
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Ping statistics for 192.168.1.1:
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),
```

Figure 3-6

You can check it following the steps below:

1) Is the connection between your PC and the modem router correct?

The LEDs of LAN port which you link to the device and the LEDs on your PC's adapter should be lit.

2) Is the TCP/IP configuration for your PC correct?

If the Router's IP address is 192.168.1.1, your PC's IP address must be within the range of 192.168.1.2 ~ 192.168.1.254.

3.2 Quick Installation Guide

With a Web-based utility, it is easy to configure and manage the TD-W8970B 300Mbps Wireless N Gigabit ADSL2+ Modem Router (Annex B). The Web-based utility can be used on any Windows, Macintosh or UNIX OS with a Web browser, such as Microsoft Internet Explorer, Mozilla Firefox or Apple Safari.

1. To access the configuration utility, open a web-browser and type the default address http://192.168.1.1 in the address field of the browser.

Address http://192.168.1.1

Figure 3-7

After a moment, a login window will appear, similar to the Figure 3-8. Enter **admin** for the User Name and Password, both in lower case letters. Then click the **Login** button or press the **Enter** key.

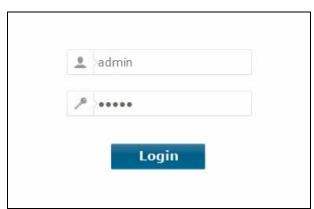


Figure 3-8

P Note:

- 1) Do not mix up the user name and password with your ADSL account user name and password which are needed for PPP connections.
- 2) The login screen will be locked for 10 minutes after five failed attempts to login.
- 3) If the above screen does not pop up, it means that your Web-browser has been set to a proxy. Go to **Tools** menu→**Internet Options**→**Connections**→**LAN Settings**, in the screen that appears, cancel the Using Proxy checkbox, and click **OK** to finish it.
- 2. After your successful login, you will see the Login screen as shown in Figure 3-9. Click **Quick** Setup menu to access **Quick Setup Wizard** and then click **Next**.

Status	Basic Status			
Quick Setup				
Operation Mode	Device Information			
Network		Firmware Versi	on: 0.6.0 1.1 v000d.0 Build	d 130606 Rel.50855n
DHCP Server		Hardware Versi	on: TD-W8970B v1 00000	0000
Wireless		System up ti	ne: 0 day(s) 00:03:37	
USB Settings				
Route Settings	DSL			
Forwarding		Line Stat	Biotoniniootod	
Parent Control		DSL Modulation Ty	pe: Multimode	
Firewall		Annex Ty	be: Annex B	
IPv6 Firewall			Upstream	Downstream
IPv6 Tunnel		Current Rate (Kbps)	0	0
Bandwidth Control		Max Rate (Kbps)	0	0
IP & MAC Binding		SNR Margin (dB)	0	0
Dynamic DNS		Line Attenuation (dB)	0	0
Diagnostic		Errors (Pkts)	0	0

Figure 3-9

3. Change the **VPI/VCI** values which are used to define a unique path for your connection. If you have been given specific settings for this to configuration, type in the correct values assigned by your ISP. Click **Next**.

Quick Setup - DSL	
Please enter the VPI/VCI provided by your ISP(Internet Service P	Provider).
VPI: VCI:	8 (0-255) 35 (1-65535)
	Back Next

Figure 3-10

4. Please select the Connection Type given by your ISP. Here we use PPPoE as an example. Click **Next**.

Please select the connection type provided by your ISP.
• PPPoE (Require a username and password, PPP over Ethernet)
PPPoA (Require a username and password, PPP over ATM)
O Dynamic IP (Get dynamic IP from ISP, also called IPoE Dynamic IP)
Static IP (Manually set the static IP address provided by your ISP, also called IPoE Static IP)
IPoA (Manually set the static IP address provided by your ISP, also called IP Over ATM)
Bridge (Dial up from the single computer or router)

Figure 3-11

5. Enter the **Username**, **Password** and **Confirm Password** given by your ISP, and then click **Next**.

Quick Setup - PPPoE	
Please enter ADSL Username and Password. If you forget them,	, please consult your ISP.
Username:	
Password:	
Confirm password:	
	Back Next

Figure 3-12

6. On the **Wireless** screen, we use the default SSID, select a **Mode**. Set a Password or select **Disable Security**(**Disable Security** is not recommended.), and then click **Next** to continue.

Quick Setup - wireless	
Wireless Network Name:	TP-LINK_130969 (Also called SSID)
Region:	United States
Channel:	Auto 💌
Mode:	11bgn mixed
Security:	
۲	WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK (Recommended)
	Password
	(Enter ASCII characters between 8 and 63 or Hexadecimal characters between 8 and 64.)
0	Disable Wireless Security
	Back Next

Figure 3-13

7. On this page, please confirm all parameters. Click **Back** to modify or click the **Save** button to save your configuration.

Quick Setup - Confirm	
The Quick Setup is completed. Please confirm all the parameters below.	Click BACK button to modify or click SAVE button to save your configuration.
Parameters Summary:	
DSL PVC:	8/35
Connection Type:	PPPoE
Username:	admin
Password:	****
Wireless:	Enabled
Wireless Network Name(SSID):	TP-LINK_130969
Region:	United States
Channel:	Auto
Mode:	11bgn mixed
Security:	WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK
Wireless Password:	1234567890
	Pask
	Back Save

Figure 3-14

8. You will see the **Complete** screen below, click **Finish** to complete these settings.

Quick Setup - Complete	
Setup Status:	
Operation Mode Configuring:	Success
WAN Connection Configuring:	Success
Gateway and DNS Configuring:	Success
Wi-Fi Configuring:	Success
Quick Setup has completed. Please click FINISH button to exit.	
Note: If the Modern Router still can not connect to the Internet, please clic WAN Settings page.	ck "Network > WAN Settings" menu on the left to confirm the WAN connection type and mode on the
	Finish

Figure 3-15

Chapter 4. Configuring the Modem Router

This chapter will show each Web page's key function and the configuration way.

4.1 Login

After your successful login, you will see the eighteen main menus on the left of the Web-based utility. On the right, there are the corresponding explanations and instructions.

Status
Quick Setup
Operation Mode
Network
DHCP Server
Wireless
USB Settings
Route Settings
Forwarding
Parent Control
Firewall
IPv6 Firewall
IPv6 Tunnel
Bandwidth Control
IP & MAC Binding
Dynamic DNS
Diagnostic
System Tools
Logout

The detailed explanations for each Web page's key function are listed below.

4.2 Status

Choose "Status", you can see the corresponding information about Device Information, DSL, WAN, LAN and WLAN.

Basic Status								
Device Information								
		Firmwa	re Version	: 0.6.0 1.1 v000d.0 B	uild 130606 Rel.5	0855n		
		Hardwa	re Version	: TD-W8970B v1 00	000000			
		Syste	em up time	: 0 day(s) 00:34:40				
DSL								
		L	ine Status.	: Disconnected				
		DSL Modul	ation Type	: Multimode				
		A	nnex Type	: Annex B				
				Upstream		Downstream		
	(Current Rate (Kbp	os)	0		0		
		Max Rate (Kbps)	0		0		
		SNR Margin (dB		0		0		
	L	ine Attenuation (B)	0		0		
		Errors (Pkts)		0		0		
WAN								
	Name Connection VPI		VPI/VCI	IP/Mask	Gateway	DN	IS	Status
	br_8_35_1	Bridge	8/35	N/A	N/A	N/	A	Disconnected
	pppoe_8_35_0	_d PPPoE	8/35	0.0.0.0 /0	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	Disconnected
IPv6 WAN								
	Name Connection Type VPI/VC		VPI/VCI	IPv6 Address/P	IPv6 Address/Prefix Length Gateway DNS		DNSv6	Status
	<							>
LAN								
				F8:1A:67:48:27:60				
				: 192.168.1.1				
		Su		: 255.255.255.0				
			DHCP	: Enabled				
IPv6 LAN								
			/6 Address					
		Autoconfigur	efix Length					
		Autoconnigui	ation type	. 10010				
Wireless								
			Status					
			SSID	-				
			Channel					
		Cha	nnel Width					
			Mode	5				
				: WPA-PSK/WPA2-F	PSK			
				F8:1A:67:48:27:60				
			ax Tx Rate					
		14	/DS Status	: Disabled				

Figure 4-1

4.3 Quick Setup

Please refer to Section <u>3.2 Quick Installation Guide</u>.

4.4 Operation Mode

Choose "**Operation Mode**", and you will see the screen as shown in Figure 4-2. Select your desired mode and then click **Save**.

Operation Mode		
Choose Operation Mode:		
ADSL Modem Router Mode	1	
3G Router Mode		
O Wireless Router Mode		

Figure 4-2

- ADSL Modem Router Mode: In this mode, the device enables multi-users to share Internet via ADSL using its ADSL port and share it wirelessly at 300Mbps wireless 802.11n speeds.
- 3G Router Mode: In this mode, the device allows multi-users to share a 3G mobile broadband connection via wired or wireless connection.
- Wireless Router Mode: In this mode, the device enables multi-users to share Internet via Ethernet WAN (EWAN) using its interchangeable LAN/WAN port and share it wirelessly at 300Mbps wireless 802.11n speeds.

After you click the **Save** button, the Note Dialog will appear. Click **OK** and then the modem router will reboot. Please wait.

Microso	ft Internet Explorer 🛛 🔀
2	The change of operation mode will take effect only after rebooting the device. Be sure to change?

Note Dialog

4.5 Network

Choose "**Network**", there are many submenus under the main menu. Click any one of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.



4.5.1 WAN Settings

Choose "**Network**" \rightarrow "**WAN Settings**", and you will see the WAN Port Information Table in the screen similar to Figure 4-3, which describes the WAN port settings and the relevant manipulation to each interface. There are five different configurations for the connection types, which are Static IP, Dynamic IP, PPPoE, PPPoA, IPoA and Bridge. You can select the corresponding types according to your needs.

ADSL WAN In	terface									
This page	shows the inf	ormation of the en	tire ADSL W	AN interface.						
Name	Туре	VPI/VCI	IPv4	IPv6	IP/Mask	Gateway	DNS	Status	Connect	Action
				_	Add	Refresh				

Figure 4-3

Click **Add** to add a new entry, you can configure the parameters for ATM and WAN Service in the next screen (shown in Figure 4-4).

WAN Settings	
ATM Configuration	
VPI (0-255):	8
VCI (1-65535):	35
Notice: Do not change the parameters below unless necessary!	Hide 🔺
Encapsulation Mode:	
ATM QoS Type:	UBR V
PCR:	0 frames/s
SCR:	frames/s
MBS:	frames/s
WAN Service Setup	
Connection Type:	PPP0E V
PPP Username:	
PPP Password:	
Confirm password:	
Connection Mode:	 Always on
	Connect on demand
	O Connect manually
	Max Idle Time: 15 minutes (0 means remain active at all time)
Authentication Type:	AUTO_AUTH
La - In La	
Enable IPv4:	
Enable IPv6:	
Default Gateway:	Current Connection
	Hide 🔺
Service Name:	(do not change unless necessary)
Server Name:	(do not change unless necessary)
MTU(Bytes):	1480 (1480 as default, do not change unless necessary)
Enable Fullcone NAT:	
Enable SPI Firewall:	
Enable IGMP Proxy:	
Use IP address specified by ISP:	
Echo request interval:	30 (0-120 seconds, 0 means no request)
Set DNS server manually	
	Save Back

Figure 4-4

4.5.1.1 Static IP

Select this option if your ISP provides static IP information to you. You should set static IP address, IP subnet mask, and gateway address in the screen below.

WAN Settings		
ATM Configuration		
VPI (0-255):	: 8	
VCI (1-65535):	: 35	
		Hide 🔺
Notice: Do not change the parameters below unless necessary!		
Encapsulation Mode:		
ATM QoS Type:	UBR	
PCR:		
SCR:		
MBS:	frames/s	
WAN Service Setup		
Connection Type:	Static IP	
Enable IPv4		
IP Address:		
Subnet Mask:		
Gateway: DNS Server:		
Secondary DNS Server:		
Secondary Division Server.	(optional)	
Enable IPv6		
IPv6 Address:	: ::	
Prefix Length:		
IPv6 Gateway:		
IPv6 DNS Server:		
Secondary IPv6 DNS Server:	: (optional)	
Default Gateway:	Current Connection 💌	
IPv6 Default Gateway:	Current Connection	
		Hide 🔺
MTU(Bytes):	(1500 as default, do not change unless necessary)	
Enable NAT:		
Enable Fullcone NAT:		
Enable SPI Firewall:	—	
Enable IGMP Proxy:		
	Save Back	

Figure 4-5

ATM Configuration:

- VPI (0~255): Identifies the virtual path between endpoints in an ATM network. The valid range is from 0 to 255. Please input the value provided by your ISP.
- VCI (1~65535): Identifies the virtual channel endpoints in an ATM network. The valid range is from 1 to 65535 (1 to 31 is reserved for well-known protocols). Please input the value provided by your ISP.

Click **Advance**, advanced selections of ATM Configuration can be shown.

- Encapsulation Mode: Select the encapsulation mode for the Static IP Address. Here you can leave it default.
- ATM Qos Type: Select ATM Qos Type provided by ISP, and the type is UBR by default. WAN Service Setup:
- > Enable IPv4: Check the box to enable IPv4.
- > IP Address: Enter the IP address in dotted-decimal notation provided by your ISP.
- Subnet Mask: Enter the subnet Mask in dotted-decimal notation provided by your ISP, usually is 255.255.255.0.
- Default Gateway (Optional): Enter the gateway IP address in dotted-decimal notation provided by your ISP.

- DNS Server/ Secondary DNS Server: Here you can set DNS Server (at least one) manually. The Route will use this DNS Server for priority.
- > Enable IPv6: Check the box to enable IPv6.
- > **IPv6 Address:** Enter the IPv6 address provided by your ISP.
- > **Prefix Length:** Enter the prefix length of the IPv6 address. The default value is 64.
- > IPv6 Gateway: Enter the gateway IPv6 address provided by your ISP.
- IPv6 DNS Server / Secondary IPv6 DNS Server: Here you can set IPv6 DNS Server (at least one) manually. The Route will use this IPv6 DNS Server for priority.
- Default Gateway: Select a WAN Interface from the drop-down list as the IPv4 default gateway.
- IPv6 Default Gateway: Select a WAN Interface from the drop-down list as the IPv6 default gateway.

Click Advance, advanced selections of WAN Service Setup can be shown.

- MTU (bytes): Maximum Transmission Unit Size. Check this box then you can change the MTU size. The default MTU value is 1500 Bytes. It is not recommended that you change the default value unless required by your ISP.
- Enable NAT: This technology translates the IP addresses of a local area network to a different IP address for the Internet. If this modem router is hosting your network's connection to the Internet, please select the check box. If another Router exists in your network, you don't need to select the option.
- > Enable Fullcone NAT: It is a type of NAT, if not enabled, the default NAT will act.
- Enable SPI Firewall: A SPI firewall enhances network's security. Select the option to use a firewall, or else without a firewall.
- Enable IGMP Proxy: IGMP (Internet Group Management Protocol) is used to manage multicasting on TCP/IP networks. Some ISPs use IGMP to perform remote configuration for client devices, such as the modem router. The default value is disabled, and if you are not sure, please contact your ISP or just leave it.

Click the Save button to save the settings.

4.5.1.2 Dynamic IP

Select this option, the modem router will be able to obtain IP network information dynamically from a DHCP server provided by your ISP.

WAN Settings	
ATM Configuration	
VPI (0-255):	8
VCI (1-65535):	35
Natice: Do not change the personators below unless personal	Hide 🔺
Notice: Do not change the parameters below unless necessary Encapsulation Mode:	
ATM QoS Type:	
PCR:	0 frames/s
SCR:	frames/s
MBS:	frames/s
WAN Service Setup	
Connection Type:	Dynamic IP 👻
Enable IPv4:	V
IP Address:	
ir Address: Subnet Mask:	0.0.0 0.0.0
Gateway:	0.0.0.0
Guteway.	0.0.0
Enable IPv6:	
IPv6 Address:	:
Prefix Length:	0
IPv6 Gateway:	:
Default Gateway:	Current Connection
IPv6 Default Gateway:	Current Connection
	Hide -
MTU(Bytes):	1500 (1500 as default, do not change unless necessary)
Enable NAT:	
Enable Fullcone NAT:	
Enable SPI Firewall:	
Enable IGMP Proxy:	
Get IP with Unicast:	(It is usually not required)
Set DNS server manually:	
Get IPv6 Address with Unicast:	(It is usually not required)
Set IPv6 DNS Server manually:	
Host Name:	TD-W8970B
	Save Back

Figure 4-6

Click **Advance**, advanced selections for WAN Service Setup can be shown.

- MTU (bytes): Maximum Transmission Unit Size. Check this box then you can change the MTU size. The default MTU value is 1500 Bytes. It is not recommended that you change the default value unless required by your ISP.
- Enable NAT: This technology translates the IP addresses of a local area network to a different IP address for the Internet. If this modem router is hosting your network's connection to the Internet, please select the check box. If another Router exists in your network, you don't need to select the option.
- > Enable Fullcone NAT: It is a type of NAT, if not enabled, the default NAT will act.
- Enable SPI Firewall: A SPI firewall enhances network's security. Select the option to use a firewall, or else without a firewall.
- Enable IGMP Proxy: IGMP (Internet Group Management Protocol) is used to manage multicasting on TCP/IP networks. Some ISPs use IGMP to perform remote configuration for client devices, such as the modem router. The default value is disabled, and if you are not sure, please contact your ISP or just leave it.

- Get IP with Unicast: This is disabled by default. The minority of DHCP Server of ISP will not support to enable this. When the Route is connected right but IP cannot get, you can select this box.
- Set DNS Server manually: Choose "Set DNS Server manually", you can set DNS Server manually here. The modem router will use this DNS Server for priority.
- Get IPv6 Address with Unicast: This is disabled by default. The minority of DHCPv6 Server of ISP will not support to enable this. When the modem router is connected right but IPv6 address cannot get, you can select this box.
- Set IPv6 DNS Server manually: Choose "Set IPv6 DNS Server manually", you can set IPv6 DNS Server manually here. The modem router will use this IPv6 DNS Server for priority.
- > Host Name: Here displays model No. of your modem router.

Click the **Save** button to save the settings.

4.5.1.3 PPPoE

If your ISP provides a **PPPoE** connection and you need to use an ATM Interface, choose **PPPoE** in the drop-down list, and then the screen will be displayed as below.

WAN Settings		
ATM Configuration		
VPI (0-255):	8	
VCI (1-65535):	35	
		Hide 🔺
Notice: Do not change the parameters below unless necessary!		
Encapsulation Mode:	LLC 🖌	
ATM QoS Type:	UBR V	
PCR:	0 frames/s	
SCR:	frames/s	
MBS:	frames/s	
WAN Service Setup		
Connection Type:	PPP ₀ E v	
PPP Username:		
PPP Password:		
Confirm password:		
Connection Mode:	 Always on 	
	Connect on demand	
	Connect manually	
	Max Idle Time: 15 minutes (0 means remain active at all time)	
Authentication Type:	AUTO_AUTH	
Enable IPv4		
Enable IPv6		
Default Gateway:	Current Connection	
IPv6 Default Gateway:	Current Connection 💌	
		Hide 🔺
Service Name:	(do not change unless necessary)	
Server Name:	(do not change unless necessary)	
MTU(Bytes):	1480 (1480 as default, do not change unless necessary)	
Enable Fullcone NAT:		
Enable SPI Firewall:		
Enable IGMP Proxy:		
Use IP address specified by ISP:		
Echo request interval:	30 (0-120 seconds, 0 means no request)	
Set DNS server manually:		
Han IDv0 address constitution		
Use IPv6 address specified by ISP		
Set IPv6 DNS Server manually		
	Cause David	
	Save Back	

Figure 4-7

- PPP Username/Password/Confirm Password: Enter the User Name, Password and Confirm Password provided by your ISP. These fields are case-sensitive.
- Connection Mode: For PPPoE connection, you can select Always on or Connect on demand or Connect manually. Connect on demand is dependent on the traffic. If there is no traffic (or Idle) for a pre-specified period of time, the connection will tear down automatically. And once there is traffic send or receive, the connection will be automatically on.
- Authentication Type: Select the Authentication Type from the drop-down list, the default method is AUTO_AUTH, and you can leave it as a default setting.
- > Enable IPv4: Check this box to enable IPv4.
- > Enable IPv6: Check this box to enable IPv6.
- Default Gateway: Select a WAN connection from the drop-down list as the IPv4 default gateway.

IPv6 Default Gateway: Select a WAN connection from the drop-down list as the IPv6 default gateway.

Click Advance, advanced selections for WAN Service Setup can be shown.

- Service Name/Server Name: Enter the Service Name and Server Name if it was provided by your ISP. You can leave them blank, if the ISP doesn't provide them.
- MTU (bytes): Maximum Transmission Unit Size. Check this box then you can change the MTU size. The default MTU value is 1500 Bytes. It is not recommended that you change the default value unless required by your ISP.
- **Enable Fullcone NAT**: It is a type of NAT, if not enabled, the default NAT will act.
- Enable SPI Firewall: A SPI firewall enhances network's security. Select the option to use a firewall, or else without a firewall.
- Enable IGMP Proxy: IGMP (Internet Group Management Protocol) is used to manage multicasting on TCP/IP networks. Some ISPs use IGMP to perform remote configuration for client devices, such as the modem router. The default value is disabled, and if you are not sure, please contact your ISP or just leave it.
- Use IP address specified by ISP: Choose "Use IP address specified by ISP", you can enter the IP address provided by your ISP.
- Set DNS Server manually: Choose "Set DNS Server manually", you can set DNS Server manually here. The modem router will use this DNS Server for priority.
- Use IPv6 address specified by ISP: Choose "Use IPv6 address specified by ISP", you can enter the IPv6 address provided by your ISP.
- Set IPv6 DNS Server manually: Choose "Set IPv6 DNS Server manually", you can set IPv6 DNS Server manually here. The modem router will use this IPv6 DNS Server for priority.

Click the Save button to save the settings.

4.5.1.4 PPPoA

If your ISP provides a **PPPoA** connection and you need to use an ATM Interface, choose **PPPoA** in the drop-down list, and then the screen will be displayed as below.

The configuration is similar to **PPPoE**. Please refer to the section <u>4.5.1.3 PPPoE</u> to configure this part.

WAN Settings	
ATM Configuration VPI (0-255):	8
VCI (1-65535):	35
	Hide
Notice: Do not change the parameters below unless necessary!	
Encapsulation Mode:	VC-Mux
ATM QoS Type:	UBR
PCR:	0 frames/s
SCR:	frames/s
MBS:	frames/s
WAN Service Setup	
Connection Type:	PPPoA 🗸
PPP Username:	
PPP Password:	
Confirm password:	
Connection Mode:	Always on
	Connect on demand
	Connect manually
	Max Idle Time: 15 minutes (0 means remain active at all time)
Authentication Type:	AUTO_AUTH
Default Gateway:	Current Connection
	Hide *
MTU(Bytes):	1480 (1480 as default, do not change unless necessary)
Enable SPI Firewall:	
Enable IGMP Proxy:	V
Use IP address specified by ISP:	
Echo request interval:	30 (0-120 seconds, 0 means no request)
Set DNS server manually:	
	Save Back

Figure 4-8

4.5.1.5 IPoA

If your ISP provides an IPoA connection, select **IPoA** option for the **Connection Type** on the screen.

WAN Settings		
ATM Configuration		
VPI (0-255):	: 8	
VCI (1-65535):	35	
		Hide 🔺
Notice: Do not change the parameters below unless necessary!		
Encapsulation Mode:		
ATM QoS Type:		
PCR:		
SCR:		
MBS:	frames/s	
WAN Service Setup		
Connection Type:		
IP Address:		
Subnet Mask:		
Gateway:		
DNS Server:		
Secondary DNS Server:	o.o.o.o (optional)	
Default Gateway:	Current Connection	
MTU(Bytes):		Hide 🔺
Enable NAT:		
Enable SPI Firewall:		
Enable IGMP Proxy:		
Linable IGINF FTOXY.		
	Save Back	
	Jave Datk	

Figure 4-9

- IP Address/Subnet Mask: Enter the IP Address and Subnet Mask provided by ISP. If you forget, you can ask your ISP.
- > DNS Server/Secondary DNS Server: Type in your preferred DNS server.
- Default Gateway: select a WAN Interface from the drop-down list as the IPv4 default gateway.

4.5.1.6 Bridge

If you select this type of connection, the modem can be configured to act as a bridging device between your LAN and your ISP. Bridges are devices that enable two or more networks to communicate as if they are two segments of the same physical LAN.

WAN Settings	
ATM Configuration	
VPI (0-255):	8
VCI (1-65535):	35
	Hide 🔺
Notice: Do not change the parameters below unless necessary!	
Encapsulation Mode:	
ATM QoS Type:	
PCR:	
SCR:	
MBS:	frames/s
WAN Service Setup	
Connection Type:	Bridge V
	Save Back

Figure 4-10

P Note:

After you finish the Internet configuration, please click Save to make the settings take effect.

4.5.2 3G Settings

If your modem router is in **3G Router Mode**, choose menu "**Network** \rightarrow **3G Settings**", you can configure parameters for 3G function on the screen below. To use the 3G function, you should first insert your USB modem on the USB port of the modem router. There is already much 3G USB modem information embedded in the modem router. If your USB modem is supported by the modem router, then "Identify successfully" will display in the USB 3G Modem field as shown in Figure 4-11. Select the correct **Location** and **Mobile ISP** manually, the USB modem parameters will be set automatically.

Some 3G USB modem may not be supported by the modem router. For more information, please refer to **Compatibility List** on our website. Log on to <u>www.tp-link.com</u> \rightarrow select your region \rightarrow search for the product \rightarrow Compatibility List can be found under the "Download" tab on the product page. If your 3G USB modem is incompatible with our modem router, please feel free to contact our technical support.

3G Settings	
USB 3G modem:	Identify successfully
PIN Status:	Ready
Location:	USA 🗸
Mobile ISP:	T&T V
Connection Mode:	 Always on
	O Connect on demand
	O Connect manually
	Max Idle Time: 15 minutes (0 means remain active at all times)
Authentication Type:	AUTO_AUTH
	Connect Disconnect Connected
	Advance -
	Save

Figure 4-11

- **Location:** Please select the location where you're enjoying the 3G card.
- Mobile ISP: Please select the ISP (Internet Service Provider) you apply to for 3G service. The modem router will show the default Dial Number and APN of that ISP.
- Always on: Connect automatically after the modem router is disconnected. This option is enabled by default.
- Connect on demand: Connect on demand is dependent on the traffic. If there is no traffic (or Idle) for a pre-specified period of time (Max Idle Time), the connection will tear down automatically. And once there is traffic send or receive, the connection will be automatically on. If you want your Internet connection to remain active at all times, enter 0 in the Max Idle Time field.

Solution Note:

Sometimes the connection cannot be disconnected although you specify a time to **Max Idle Time** because some applications visit the Internet continually in the background.

- Connect manually: You can click the Connect/Disconnect button to connect/disconnect connection immediately. This mode also supports the Max Idle Time function as Connect on demand mode. If you want your Internet connection to remain active at all times, enter 0 in the Max Idle Time field.
- Authentication Type: Some ISPs need a specific authentication type, please confirm it with your ISP or keep it Auto.

P Note:

3G settings is unavailable when the modem router is not in 3G Router Mode and the backup function is not enabled. Please tick the box in the next screen to **enable 3G as a backup solution for Internet access** or change settings on Operation Mode if you want to use 3G.

3G Settings	
3G settings is unavailable because the ope Enable 3G backup or change settings on	ration mode is not 3G Router Mode and the backup is not enabled. Please Operation Mode if you want to use 3G.
Enable 3G as a backup solution for Inter	met access
USB 3G modem:	Identify successfully
PIN Status:	Ready
Location:	USA
Mobile ISP:	AT&T 🗸
Connection Mode:	Connect manually
	Max Idle Time: 15 minutes (0 means remain active at all times)
Authentication Type:	AUTO_AUTH
	Connect Disconnect Disconnected
	Save

Figure 4-12

Click Advance in Figure 4-11, advanced selections for 3G Setup can be shown as below.

	🔲 Set the Dial Num	ber, APN, Username and Password manually
Dial Number:	*99#	-
APN:	WAP.CINGULAR	-
Username:	WAP@CINGULAR.CO	i (optional)
Password:	CINGULAR1	(optional)
MTU size (in bytes):	1480 (The defaul	t is 1480, do not change unless necessary)
Echo request interval:	30 (0~120 sec	onds, 0 means no request)
	Lice the following	ND address
Static IP Address:	Use the following	
Static IF Address.	10.199.43.12	
	🔲 Use the following	DNS Servers
Primary DNS:	210.21.196.6	-
Secondary DNS:	221.5.88.88	(optional)

Figure 4-13

- Set the Dial Number and APN manually: Check the box and fill the Dial Number and APN blanks below if your ISP is not listed in the ISP list or the default values are not the latest ones.
- > Dial Number: Enter the Dial Number provided by your ISP.
- > **APN:** Enter the APN (Access Point Name) provided by your ISP.
- Username/Password: Enter the Username and Password provided by your ISP. These fields are case-sensitive.
- MTU Size: The default MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit) size is 1480 bytes, which is usually fine. For some ISPs, you need modify the MTU. This should not be done unless you are sure it is necessary for your ISP.
- Use the following IP Address: If your ISP specifies an IP address for you, check the box, and fill the Static IP Address.
- Use the following DNS Servers: If your ISP specifies a DNS server IP address for you, check the box, and fill the Primary DNS and Secondary DNS blanks below. The Secondary DNS is optional. Otherwise, the DNS servers will be assigned dynamically from ISP.
- > **Primary DNS:** Enter the DNS IP address in dotted-decimal notation provided by your ISP.
- Secondary DNS: (Optional) Enter another DNS IP address in dotted-decimal notation provided by your ISP.

Click the **Save** button to save your settings.

Once the connection is successful, you will find the 3G screen is similar to Figure 4-11. Click menu **Status** and you will see the 3G status is similar to Figure 4-14.

WAN							
	Name	Connection Type	VPI/VCI	IP/Mask	Gateway	DNS	Status
	ppp_ttyUSB3_d	PPP3G	N/A	10.194.116.159/32	10.64.64.66	210.21.196.6 221.5.88.88	Connected

Figure 4-14

4.5.3 Interface Grouping

Choose "**Network**" \rightarrow "Interface Grouping", you can view all the current groups on this page (shown in Figure 4-15).

Is page displays all the current groups. te: It is not allowed to disable the VLAN with Ethernet WAN Connection enabled. VLAN: Constant Connection enabled. VLAN: Constant Connection enabled. Constant Connection enabled. Constant Connection enabled. Constant Connection enabled. Constant Connection enabled. Constant Connection enabled. Constant Connection enabled. Connection
te: It is not allowed to disable the VLAN with Ethernet WAN Connection enabled. VLAN: Enable Disable Save Group Delete WAN Interface LAN Interface LAN4 LAN4 LAN3
te: It is not allowed to disable the VLAN with Ethernet WAN Connection enabled. VLAN: Enable Disable Save Group Delete WAN Interface LAN Interface LAN4 LAN4 LAN3
VLAN: Enable Disable Save Group Delete WAN Interface LAN Interface Image: I
Group Delete WAN Interface LAN Interface LAN4 LAN3
Group Delete WAN Interface LAN Interface LAN4 LAN3
LAN4 LAN3
LAN3
Default LAN2
LAN1
ath0

Figure 4-15

VLAN: Enable or disable this function. Virtual LAN (VLAN) is a group of devices on one or more LANs that are configured so that they can communicate as if they were attached to the same LAN, when in fact they are located on a number of different LAN segments. Because VLANs are based on logical instead of physical connections, it is very flexible for user/host management, bandwidth allocation and resource optimization. If you want to active this function, this function must be enabled.

P Note:

It is not allowed to disable the VLAN with Ethernet Connection enabled.

To support this feature, you must create mapping groups with appropriate LAN and WAN interfaces using the **Add** button. The **Remove** button will remove the grouping and add the ungrouped interfaces to the Default group. Only the default group has IP interface.

Click the **Add** button. You can add a new interface group in the next screen. For example, you want LAN1 and LAN3 to be a group called Group 1 over br_8_35_0 WAN interface, you can refer to the following figure.

Add New Group	
	Group Name: Group 1
Available LAN LAN4 LAN2 ath0	Added Interface
Available WAN	
	Save Back

Figure 4-16

Click **Save** to make the entry effective immediately

4.5.4 LAN Settings

Choose "**Network**"→"**LAN Settings**" menu, and you will see the LAN screen (shown in Figure 4-17). Please configure the parameters for LAN ports according to the descriptions below.

LAN Settings		
Note: if the LAN IP address or subnet mask is changed, please make $\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{t}$ the new LAN IP.	ure the DHCP Addres	s Pool and the static IP assigned by DHCP Server are in the same subnet with
Group:	Default	
IP Address:	192.168.1.1	—
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0	—
Enable IGMP Snooping:	V	
Enable Second IP:		
DHCP Server:		ble O DHCP Relay
Start IP Address:	192.168.1.100	
End IP Address:	192.168.1.199	
Leased Time:	1440 minutes (1~	2880 minutes, the default value is 1440)
Gateway:	192.168.1.1	(optional)
Default Domain:		(optional)
DNS Server:	0.0.0.0	(optional)
Secondary DNS Server:	0.0.0.0	(optional)
	Save	Back

Figure 4-17

- IP Address: You can configure the modem router's IP Address and Subnet Mask for LAN Interface.
 - **IP Address:** Enter the modem router's local IP Address, then you can access to the Web-based Utility via the IP Address, the default value is 192.168.1.1.
 - Subnet Mask: Enter the modem router's Subnet Mask, the default value is 255.255.255.0.
- Enable IGMP Snooping: If you select the option, please choose the IGMP Mode: Standard Mode or Blocking Mode.
- Enable Second IP: You can configure the modem router's second IP Address and Subnet Mask for LAN Interface through which you can also access to the Web-based Utility as the default IP Address and Subnet Mask.
- DHCP Server: These settings allow you to configure the modem router's Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) server function. The DHCP server is enabled by default for the modem router's Ethernet LAN interface. DHCP service will supply IP settings to computers which are configured to automatically obtain IP settings that are connected to the modem router though the Ethernet port. When the modem router is set for DHCP, it becomes the default gateway for DHCP client connected to it. Keep in mind that if you change the IP address of the modem router, you must change the range of IP addresses in the pool used for DHCP on the LAN.
 - Start IP Address: Enter a value for the DHCP server to start with when issuing IP addresses. Because the default IP address for the modem router is 192.168.1.1, the default Start IP Address is **192.168.1.100**, and the Start IP Address must be 192.168.1.100 or greater, but smaller than 192.168.1.254.
 - End IP Address: Enter a value for the DHCP server to end with when issuing IP addresses. The End IP Address must be smaller than 192.168.1.254. The default End IP Address is **192.168.1.254**.

• Leased Time: The Leased Time is the amount of time in which a network user will be allowed connection to the modem router with their current dynamic IP address. Enter the amount of time, in hours, then the user will be "leased" this dynamic IP address. After the dynamic IP address has expired, the user will be automatically assigned a new dynamic IP address. The default is **1440** minutes.

The detailed configuration about DHCP server, please refer to section 4.6 DHCP Server.

4.5.5 IPv6 LAN Settings

Choose menu "**Network**"→"**IPv6 LAN Settings**", you can configure LAN IPv6 interface for your modem router.

IPv6 LAN Settings		
The parameters of IP∨	6 LAN can be configured on this page.	
Note:Only default grou	ıp supports IP∨6 now.	
	Group:	Default
	Address Autoconfiguration Type:	● RADVD ○ DHCPv6 Server
	Site Prefix Configuration Type:	 Delegated O Static
	Prefix Delegated WAN Connection:	No available interface. 💌
		Save

Figure 4-18

- Address Autoconfiguration Type: Select a type to assign IPv6 addresses to the computers in your LAN. RADVD and DHCPv6 Server are provided.
 - 1) If RADVD is selected, it doesn't need to be configured.
 - 2) If DHCPv6 Server is selected, please complete the following parameters.

Group:	Default
Address Autoconfiguration Type:	RADVD I DHCPv6 Server
Start IPv6 Address:	:1 (1~FFFE)
End IPv6 Address:	:FFFE (1~FFFE)
Leased Time:	86400 seconds (The default value is 86400)



- Start IPv6 Address: Enter a value for the DHCPv6 server to start with when issuing IPv6 addresses.
- End IPv6 Address: Enter a value for the DHCPv6 server to end with when issuing IPv6 addresses.
- Leased Time: The Leased Time is the amount of time in which a network user will be allowed connection to the modem router with their current dynamic IPv6 address. Enter the amount of time, in hours, then the user will be "leased" this dynamic IPv6 address. After the dynamic IPv6 address has expired, the user will be automatically assigned a new dynamic IPv6 address. The default is 86400 seconds.

- Site Prefix Configuration Type: Select a type to assign prefix to IPv6 addresses. Delegated and Static are provided.
 - 1) If Delegated is selected, please complete the following parameters.

Site Prefix Configuration Type:	💿 Delegated 🔘 Static
Prefix Delegated WAN Connection:	No available interface. ⊻



- Prefix Delegated WAN Connection: Select a WAN connection form the drop-down list to assign prefix.
- 2) If Static is selected, please complete the following parameters.

Site Prefix: Site Prefix Length: 64	Site Prefix Configuration Type:	🔘 Delegated 💿 Static
Site Prefix Length: 64	Site Prefix:	
	Site Prefix Length:	64

Figure 4-21

- Site Prefix: Enter a value for the site prefix.
- Site Prefix Length: Enter a value for the site prefix length.

Click the **Save** button to save the settings.

4.5.6 MAC Clone

Choose menu "**Network**"→"**MAC Clone**", you can configure the MAC address of the WAN Interface as shown below.

The WAN Interface List displays the Lay2 Interfaces you have configured on the section <u>4.5.1</u> <u>WAN Settings</u> and its default MAC Address. You can select corresponding WAN Interface from the drop-down list and click **Clone MAC To** button to clone your current PC MAC, and then click **Save**.

	WAN Connection	MAC Address	Operation		
	Current PC's MAC	40:61:86:FC:74:93	Clone MAC To	*	
e:					
	ay cause reconnection.				

Figure 4-22

Solution Note:

Only the WAN Ports can use MAC Address Clone function. All the clone MAC addresses must not be the same with each other.

4.5.7 ALG Settings

Choose menu "**Network**" \rightarrow "**ALG Settings**", and then you can configure the basic security in the screen as shown in Figure 4-23.

ALG Settings	
Virtual Private Network(VPN):	
PPTP Pass-through:	📀 Enable 🔘 Disable
L2TP Pass-through:	💿 Enable 🔘 Disable
IPSec Pass-through:	💿 Enable 🔘 Disable
Application Layer Gateway(ALG):	
FTP ALG:	📀 Enable 🔘 Disable
TFTP ALG:	📀 Enable 🔘 Disable
H323 ALG:	💿 Enable 🔘 Disable
SIP ALG:	💿 Enable 🔘 Disable
	Save

Figure 4-23

- Virtual Private Network (VPN): VPN Passthrough must be enabled if you want to allow VPN tunnels using VPN protocols to pass through the modem router.
 - **PPTP Passthrough:** Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol (PPTP) allows the Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP) to be tunneled through an IP network. To allow PPTP tunnels to pass through the modem router, click **Enable**.
 - **L2TP Passthrough:** Layer Two Tunneling Protocol (L2TP) is the method used to enable Point-to-Point sessions via the Internet on the Layer Two level. To allow L2TP tunnels to pass through the modem router, click **Enable**.
 - **IPSec Passthrough:** Internet Protocol security (IPSec) is a suite of protocols for ensuring private, secure communications over Internet Protocol (IP) networks, through the use of cryptographic security services. To allow IPSec tunnels to pass through the modem router, click **Enable**.
- Application Layer Gateway (ALG): It is recommended to enable Application Layer Gateway (ALG) because ALG allows customized Network Address Translation (NAT) traversal filters to be plugged into the gateway to support address and port translation for certain application layer "control/data" protocols such as FTP, TFTP etc.
 - **FTP ALG:** To allow FTP clients and servers to transfer data across NAT, click **Enable**.
 - **TFTP ALG:** To allow TFTP clients and servers to transfer data across NAT, click **Enable**.
 - H323 ALG: To allow H323 clients and servers to transfer data across NAT, click Enable.
 - **SIP ALG:** To allow SIP clients and servers to transfer data across NAT, click **Enable**.

Click the **Save** button to save your settings.

4.5.8 DSL Settings

Choose "Advanced Setup" \rightarrow "DSL Settings", you can select the DSL Modulation Type and Annex Type in the next screen. The DSL feature can be selected when you meet the physical connection problem. Please check the proper settings with your Internet service provider.

DSL Settings	
DSL Modulation Ty Annex Ty	
	✓ Enable Bit Swap □ Enable SRA
	Save

Figure 4-24

- DSL Modulation Type: Select the DSL operation Modulation Type which your DSL connection uses.
- > Annex Type: Select the DSL operation Annex Type which your DSL connection uses.

Click the **Save** button to save your settings.

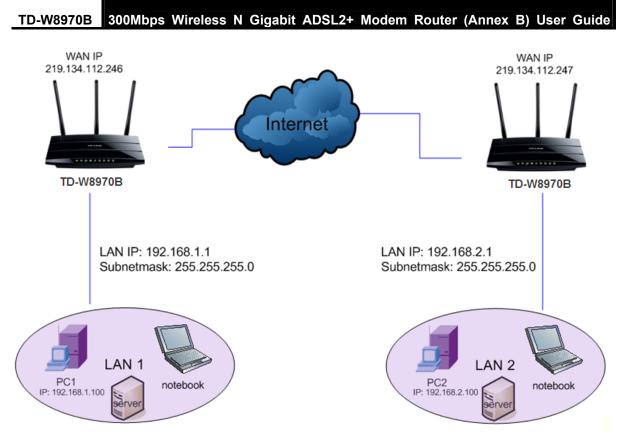
4.5.9 IPSec VPN

Choose "**Network**"→"**IPSec VPN**", you can Add/Remove or Enable/Disable the IPSec tunnel connections on the screen as shown in Figure 4-25.

IP	Sec Tunnel Mode Conn	ections							
	Dead Peer Detectio	n (Caution: It may cause tran	ismission unstable!)						
	Connection Name Remote Gateway Local Address Remote Address Status Enable Option								
	Add New Connection								

Figure 4-25

This section will guide you to configure a VPN tunnel between two TD-W8970Bs. The topology is as follows.



Note:

You could also use other VPN Routers to set VPN tunnels with TD-W8970B. TD-W8970B supports up to 10 VPN tunnels simultaneously.

Click **Add New Connection** in Figure 4-25 and then you will enter the screen shown in Figure 4-26.

IPSec Settings	
IPSec Connection Name:	Connection name
Remote IPSec Gateway Address(URL):	0.0.0
Tunnel access from local IP addresses:	Subnet
IP Address for VPN:	0.0.0.0
IP Subnetmask:	255.255.255.0
Tunnel access from remote IP addresses:	Subnet 💌
IP Address for VPN:	0.0.0.0
IP Subnetmask:	255.255.255.0
Key Exchange Method:	Auto(IKE)
Authentication Method:	Pre-Shared Key
Pre-Shared Key:	psk_key
Perfect Forward Secrecy:	Enable V
	Show Advanced Settings
	Save/Apply

Figure 4-26

- > **IPSec Connection Name:** Enter a name for your VPN.
- Remote IPSec Gateway Address (URL): Enter the destination gateway IP address in the box which is the public WAN IP or Domain Name of the remote VPN server endpoint. (For example: Input 219.134.112.247 in Device1, Input 219.134.112.246 in Device 2)
- Tunnel access from local IP addresses: Choose Subnet if you want the Whole LAN to join the VPN network, or else choose Single Address if you want single IP to join the VPN network.

- IP Address for VPN: Enter the IP address of your LAN. (For example: Input 192.168.1.1 in Device1, Input 192.168.2.1 in Device2)
- IP Subnetmask: Enter the Subnet mask of your LAN. (For example: Input 255.255.255.0 in both Device1 and Device2)
- Tunnel access from remote IP addresses: Choose Subnet if you want the Remote Whole LAN to join the VPN network, or else choose Single Address if you want single IP to join the VPN network.
- IP Address for VPN: Enter the IP address of the Remote LAN. (For example: Input 192.168.2.1 in Device1, Input 192.168.1.1 in Device2)
- IP Subnetmask: Enter the subnetmask of the remote LAN. (For example: Input 255.255.255.0 in both Device1 and Device2)
- > Key Exchange Method: Select Auto (IKE) or Manual.
- > Authentication Method: Select Pre-Shared Key (recommended).
- > **Pre-Shared Key:** Input the Pre-Shared key for Authentication. (For example: Input 12345678)
- > **Perfect Forward Secrecy:** PFS is an additional security protocol.

We recommend you leave the Advanced Settings as default value.

After complete the basic settings and click Save/Apply in both **Device1** and **Device2**, PCs in LAN1 could communicate with PCs in remote LAN2. (For example: You can ping the IP address of PC2 which is 192.168.2.100 in PC1)

P Note:

The VPN Servers Endpoint from both ends must use the same pre-shared keys and Perfect Forward Secrecy settings.

Click **Show Advanced Settings** and then you can configure the Advanced Settings.

	Hide Advanced Settings
==Phase 1==	
Mode:	Main
My Identifier Type:	Local Wan IP 💌
My Identifier:	
Remote Identifier Type:	Remote Wan IP
Remote Identifier:	
Encryption Algorithm:	3DES 💌
Integrity Algorithm:	MD5
Select Diffie-Hellman Group for Key Exchange:	1024bit 💌
Key Life Time:(Seconds)	3600
==Phase 2==	
Encryption Algorithm:	3DES 💌
Integrity Algorithm:	MD5
Select Diffie-Hellman Group for Key Exchange:	1024bit 💌
Key Life Time:(Seconds)	3 600

Figure 4-27

- > Mode: Select Main Mode to configure the standard negotiation parameters for IKE phase1.
- Aggressive Mode: Select Aggressive Mode to configure IKE phase1 of the VPN Tunnel to carry out negotiation in a shorter amount of time. (Not Recommended-Less Secure)

PNote:

The difference between the two is that aggressive mode will pass more information in fewer packets, with the benefit of slightly faster connection establishment, at the cost of transmitting the identities of the security firewall in the clear. When using aggressive mode, some configuration parameters such as Diffie-Hellman groups, and PFS can not be negotiated, resulting in a greater importance of having "compatible" configuration on both ends.

Key Life Time:Enter the number of seconds for the IPSec lifetime. It is the period of time to pass before establishing a new IPSec security association (SA) with the remote endpoint. The default value is 3600.

P Note:

If you want to change the default settings of **Advanced Settings**, please make sure that both VPN server endpoints use the same Encryption Algorithm, Integrity Algorithm, Diffie-Hellman Group and Key Life time in both **phase1** and **phase2**.

4.6 DHCP Server

Choose "DHCP Server", you can see the next submenus:

DHCP Server
DHCP Settings
Clients List
Address Reservation
Conditional Pool

Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

4.6.1 DHCP Settings

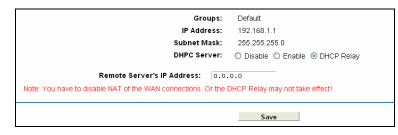
Choose menu "**DHCP Server**" \rightarrow "**DHCP Settings**", you can configure the DHCP Server on the page as shown in Figure 4-28. The modem router is set up by default as a DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) server, which provides the TCP/IP configuration for all the PC(s) that are connected to the modem router on the LAN.

DHCP Settings			
This page allows you to set DHCP server which provide:	s TCP/I	IP configuratio	n for all the PCs connected to the Modern Router in the LAN.
Gro	ups:	Default	
IP Addr	ess:	192.168.1.	1
Subnet M	ask:	255.255.25	5.0
DHPC Ser	ver:	🔘 Disable	Enable O DHCP Relay
Start IP Address:	192.	168.1.100	_
End IP Address:	192.	168.1.199	-
Address Lease Time:	1440	minutes (1~2	2880 minutes, the default value is 120)
Default Gateway:	192.	168.1.1	optional)
Default Domain:			_ (optional)
Primary DNS:	0.0.	.0.0	optional)
Secondary DNS:	0.0.	.0.0	optional)
		Sav	e

Figure 4-28

- Start IP Address: Enter a value for the DHCP server to start with when issuing IP addresses. Because the default IP address for the modem router is 192.168.1.1, the default Start IP Address is 192.168.1.100, and the Start IP Address must be 192.168.1.100 or greater, but smaller than 192.168.1.254.
- End IP Address: Enter a value for the DHCP server to end with when issuing IP addresses. The End IP Address must be smaller than 192.168.1.254. The default End IP Address is 192.168.1.254.
- Address Lease Time: The Leased Time is the amount of time in which a network user will be allowed connection to the modem router with their current dynamic IP address. Enter the amount of time, in hours, then the user will be "leased" this dynamic IP address. After the dynamic IP address has expired, the user will be automatically assigned a new dynamic IP address. The default is 24 hours.
- Default Gateway (Optional.) It is suggested to input the IP address of the LAN port of the modem router. The default value is 192.168.1.1.
- > **Default Domain -** (Optional.) Input the domain name of your network.
- Primary DNS (Optional.) Input the DNS IP address provided by your ISP or consult your ISP.

- Secondary DNS (Optional.) Input the IP address of another DNS server if your ISP provides two DNS servers.
- DHCP Relay: Select Relay, then you will see the next screen, and the modem router will work as a DHCP Relay. A DHCP relay is a computer that forwards DHCP data between computers that request IP addresses and the DHCP server that assigns the addresses. Each of the device's interfaces can be configured as a DHCP relay. If it is enabled, the DHCP requests from local PCs will forward to the DHCP server runs on WAN side. To have this function working properly, please run on router mode only, disable the DHCP server on the LAN port, and make sure the routing table has the correct routing entry.



P Note:

- 1) To use the DHCP server function of the modem router, you must configure all computers on the LAN as "Obtain an IP Address automatically".
- 2) You have to disable NAT of the WAN connections, or the DHCP Relay may not take effect.
- 3) If you select **Disabled**, the DHCP function will not take effect.

Click the **Save** button to save your settings.

4.6.2 Clients List

Choose menu "**DHCP Server**" \rightarrow "**Clients List**", you can view the information about the clients attached to the modem router in the screen as shown in Figure 4-29.

DHCP Cli	ients Lis	t						
This p	age displ	ays the information of DHC		ID Addrose	Valid Time			
		Client Name	MAC Address	IP Address	Valid Time			
	1	tplink13488	40:61:86:E5:B2:DC	192.168.1.100	23:42:05			
	LI				·			
	Refresh							

Figure 4-29

- > Client Name: The name of the DHCP client
- > MAC Address: The MAC address of the DHCP client
- > **IP Address:** The IP address that the modem router has allocated to the DHCP client
- Valid Time: The time of the DHCP client leased. After the dynamic IP address has expired, a new dynamic IP address will be automatically assigned to the user.

You cannot change any of the values on this page. To update this page and to show the current attached devices, click the **Refresh** button.

4.6.3 Address Reservation

Choose menu "**DHCP Server**"→"Address Reservation", you can view and add a reserved address for clients via the next screen (shown in Figure 4-30). When you specify a reserved IP address for a PC on the LAN, that PC will always receive the same IP address each time when it accesses the DHCP server. Reserved IP addresses should be assigned to the servers that require permanent IP settings.

DHCP	Addre	ss Reserva	ation							
This butto		isplays the st	atic IP assigne	d by DHCP S	Server and all	ows you to cor	nfigure i	t by clicking c	orrespon	iding
[MAC	Address	IP Ad	dress	Groups		Status	Edit	
		40:61:86	:FC:6F:22 192.168.1.100		8.1.100	Default		Disabled	<u>Edit</u>	
	Add	New	Enable S	elected	Disable S	Selected	Dele	ete Selected		
					Refresh					

Figure 4-30

- > MAC Address: The MAC address of the PC for which you want to reserve an IP address.
- > **IP Address:** The IP address reserved for the PC by the modem router.
- > **Status:** The status of this entry either **Enabled** or **Disabled**.

To Reserve an IP address:

- 1. Click the Add New button. Then Figure 4-31 will pop up.
- 2. Enter the MAC address (in XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX format.) and IP address (in dotted-decimal notation) of the computer for which you want to reserve an IP address.
- 3. Click the Save button.

Default 👻
Disabled 🗸
Save Back

Figure 4-31

To modify or delete an existing entry:

- 1. Click the Edit in the entry you want to modify. If you want to delete the entry, click the Delete.
- 2. Modify the information.
- 3. Click the **Save** button.

Click the Enable/Disable Selected button to make selected entries enabled/disabled.

Click the **Delete Selected** button to selected entries.

4.6.4 Conditional Pool

Choose menu "**DHCP Server**"→"**Conditional Pool**", you can see the next screen (shown in Figure 4-32). This page displays vendor class settings and allows you to set parameters for vendor class by clicking corresponding buttons.

DHCP	Conditional Pool					
Th	is page displays vendor class s	ettings and allows you to set p	parameters for vendor class by c	licking corresponding buttons.		
	Vendor ID	Start IP Address/ End IP Address	Facility	Groups	Status	Edit
	Add New Ena	ble Selected Disable	Selected Delete Selec	sted		
			Refresh			

Figure 4-32

To add a vendor class:

- 1. Click the **Add New** button. Then Figure 4-33 will pop up.
- 2. Enter parameters for the vendor class.

Click the **Save** button.

DHCP Conditional Pool	
The vendor class IP range can be set on this page.	
Facility:	
Vendor ID:	
Start IP Address:	
End IP Address:	
Default Gateway:	
Device Type:	PC 💌
Add Option:	Option 241
Option Value:	
Groups:	Default 👻
Status:	Disabled 💌
	Save Back

Figure 4-33

To modify or delete an existing entry:

- 4. Click the **Edit** in the entry you want to modify. If you want to delete the entry, click the **Delete**.
- 5. Modify the information.
- 6. Click the **Save** button.

Click the **Enable/Disable Selected** button to make selected entries enabled/disabled.

Click the **Delete Selected** button to selected entries.

4.7 Wireless

Choose "**Wireless**", there are six submenus to configure Wireless LAN settings. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function. The detailed explanations for each submenu are provided below.

Wireless
Basic Settings
WPS Settings
Wireless Security
Wireless MAC Filtering
Wireless Advanced
Wireless Status

4.7.1 Basic Settings

Choose "Wireless" \rightarrow "Basic Settings", you will see the screen shown as below. The basic settings for wireless networking are set on this screen.

Wireless Basic Settings	
The current wireless status is On. You can use the Wi-Fi On/Off	switch on the back panel of the device to disable wireless function.
SSID:	TP-LINK_130969
Region:	United States
Warning:	Ensure you select a correct country to conform local law.
	Incorrect settings may cause interference.
Mode:	11bgn mixed 💌
Channel:	Auto 💌
Channel Width:	Auto
	Enable SSID Broadcast
	Enable WDS
	Save
	Sure



This page allows you to configure basic features of the wireless LAN interface. You can enable or disable the wireless LAN interface, hide the network from active scans, set the wireless network name (also known as SSID) and restrict the channel set based on Region requirements.

- SSID: Wireless network name shared among all points in a wireless network. The SSID must be identical for all devices in the wireless network. It is case-sensitive and must not exceed 32 characters (use any of the characters on the keyboard). Make sure this setting is the same for all stations in your wireless network. Type the desired SSID in the space provided.
- Region: Select your region from the drop-down list. This field specifies the region where the wireless function of the modem router can be used. It may be illegal to use the wireless function of the modem router in a region other than one of those specified in this field. If your country or region is not listed, please contact your local government agency for assistance.

P Note:

Limited by local law regulations, version for North America does not have region selection option.

> **Mode:** Select the desired mode.

11b only: Select if all of your wireless clients are 802.11b.

11g only: Select if all of your wireless clients are 802.11g.

11n only: Select only if all of your wireless clients are 802.11n.

11bg mixed: Select if you are using both 802.11b and 802.11g wireless clients.

11bgn mixed: Select if you are using a mix of 802.11b, 11g, and 11n wireless clients.

Select the desired wireless mode. When 802.11g mode is selected, only 802.11g wireless stations can be connected to the modem router. When 802.11n mode is selected, only 802.11n wireless stations can connect to the modem router. It is strongly recommended that you set the Mode to **802.11b&g&n**, and all of 802.11b, 802.11g, and 802.11n wireless stations can connect to the modem router.

- Channel: Select the channel you want to use from the drop-down List of Channel. This field determines which operating frequency will be used. It is not necessary to change the wireless channel unless you notice interference problems with another nearby access point.
- Channel Width: Select the channel width from the drop-down list. The default setting is automatic, which can adjust the channel width for your clients automatically.

P Note:

If **11b only**, **11g only**, or **11bg mixed** is selected in the **Mode** field, the **Channel Width** selecting field will turn grey and the value will become 20M, which is unable to be changed.

- Enable SSID Broadcast: When wireless clients survey the local area for wireless networks to associate with, they will detect the SSID broadcast by the modem router. If you select the Enable SSID Broadcast checkbox, the Wireless Router will broadcast its name (SSID) on the air.
- Enable WDS: Check this box to enable WDS. With this function, the modem router can bridge two or more Wlans. If this checkbox is selected, you will have to set the following parameters as shown in the figure below. Make sure the following settings are correct.

SSID(to be bridged): BSSID(to be bridged):		e.g. 00:1D:0F:11:22:33
Ū,	Scan	
Key Type:	None	*
WEP Index:	1	\checkmark
Authentication Type:	Open System	*
Encryption:	TKIP	~
Password:		

- SSID (to be bridged): The SSID of the AP your modem router is going to connect to as a client. You can also use the search function to select the SSID to join.
- BSSID (to be bridged): The BSSID of the AP your modem router is going to connect to as a client. You can also use the search function to select the BSSID to join.
- **Scan:** Click this button, you can search the AP which runs in the current channel.

- Key type: This option should be chosen according to the AP's security configuration. It is recommended that the security type is the same as your AP's security type
- WEP Index: This option should be chosen if the key type is WEP(ASCII) or WEP(HEX). It indicates the index of the WEP key.
- Auth Type: This option should be chosen if the key type is WEP(ASCII) or WEP(HEX). It indicates the authorization type of the Root AP.
- Password: If the AP your modem router is going to connect needs password, you need to fill the password in this blank.

Click **Save** to save your settings.

4.7.2 WPS Settings

This section will guide you to add a new wireless device to an existing network quickly by **WPS** (also called **QSS**) function.

a). Choose menu "WPS Settings", and you will see the next screen (shown in Figure 4-35).

WPS Settings	
WPS:	Enabled Disable
Current PIN:	00000000 Restore PIN Generate New PIN
	Disable Modem Router's PIN
Add a new device:	Add device



- > WPS: Enable or disable the WPS function here.
- Current PIN: The current value of the modem router's PIN is displayed here. The default PIN of the modem router can be found in the label or User Guide.
- > **Restore PIN:** Restore the PIN of the modem router to its default.
- Gen New PIN: Click this button, and then you can get a new random value for the modem router's PIN. You can ensure the network security by generating a new PIN.
- Add device: You can add a new device to the existing network manually by clicking this button.
- b). To add a new device:

If the wireless adapter supports Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS), you can establish a wireless connection between wireless adapter and modem router using either Push Button Configuration (PBC) method or PIN method.

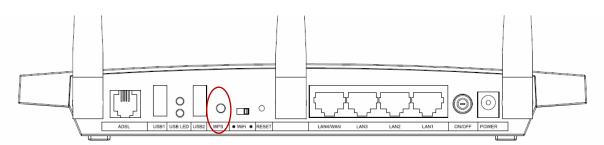
P Note:

To build a successful connection by WPS, you should also do the corresponding configuration of the new device for WPS function meanwhile.

I. Use the Wi-Fi Protected Setup Button

Use this method if your client device has a Wi-Fi Protected Setup button.

Step 1: Press the WPS button on the back panel of the modem router, as shown in the following figure.



You can also keep the default WPS Status as **Enabled** and click the **Add device** button in Figure 4-35, then Choose "**Press the button of the new device in two minutes**" and click **Connect**. (Shown in the following figure)

WPS Settings			
○ Enter the new device's PIN. PIN:			
\odot Press the button of the new device in two mimutes			
	Connect	Back	

Figure 4-36

- Step 2: Press and hold the WPS button of the client device directly.
- Step 3: The Wi-Fi Protected Setup LED flashes for two minutes during the Wi-Fi Protected Setup process.
- Step 4: When the WPS LED is on, the client device has successfully connected to the modem router.

Refer back to your client device or its documentation for further instructions.

II. Enter the client device's PIN on the modem router

Use this method if your client device has a Wi-Fi Protected Setup PIN number.

Step 1: Keep the default WPS Status as **Enabled** and click the **Add device** button in Figure 4-35, then the following screen will appear.

WPS Settings	
Inter the new device's PIN.	
PIN:	
Press the button of the new device in two mimutes.	
Connect Back	

Figure 4-37

- **Step 2:** Enter the PIN number from the client device in the field on the above WPS screen. Then click **Connect** button.
- **Step 3: "Connect successfully**" will appear on the screen of Figure 4-37, which means the client device has successfully connected to the modem router.

III. Enter the modem router's PIN on your client device

Use this method if your client device asks for the modem router's PIN number.

- **Step 1:** On the client device, enter the PIN number listed on the modem router's Wi-Fi Protected Setup screen. (It is also labeled on the bottom of the modem router.)
- **Step 2:** The Wi-Fi Protected Setup LED flashes for two minutes during the Wi-Fi Protected Setup process.
- **Step 3:** When the WPS LED is on, the client device has successfully connected to the modem router.
- **Step 4:** Refer back to your client device or its documentation for further instructions.

PNote:

- 1) The WPS LED on the modem router will light green for five minutes if the device has been successfully added to the network.
- 2) The WPS function cannot be configured if the Wireless Function of the modem router is disabled. Please make sure the Wireless Function is enabled before configuring the WPS.

4.7.3 Wireless Security

Choose menu "Wireless" \rightarrow " Wireless Security", you can configure the security settings of your wireless network.

There are three wireless security modes supported by the modem router: WPA/WPA2 – Personal, WPA/WPA2 – Enterprise, WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy).

Wireless Security Settings		
Note: WEP security, WPA/WPA2 - Enterprise authentication an	d TI/ID open ation are not -	unported with MRP, epobled
For network security, it is strongly recommended to enable wire	20 C	
To The work security, it is strongly recommended to enable wire	iess security and use were	zerok AEB endiypadh.
Disable Wireless Security		
O WPA/WPA2 - Personnal (Recommended)		
Authentication Type:	Auto 🖌	
Encryption:	Auto 🖌	
Wireless Password:		
	(Enter ASCII characters	between 8 and 63 or Hexadecimal characters between 8 and 64.)
Group Key Update Period:	0 (seconds,	minimum is 30, 0 means no update)
WPA/WPA2 - Enterprise		
Authentication Type:	Auto 🗸	
Encryption:	Auto 🗸	
RADIUS Server IP:		
RADIUS Server Port:	1812	
RADIUS Server Password:		
	(Enter ASCII characters	less than 64)
Group Key Update Period:	0 (in second,	minimum is 30, 0 means no update)
○ WEP		
Authentication Type:	Open System 🔽	
WEP Key Format:	Hexadecimal V	
Selected Kev:	WEP Key	Кеу Туре
Key 1: 💿		Disabled V
Key 2: 🔾		Disabled V
Key 3: 🔾		Disabled V
Key 4: 〇		Disabled V
,	1	
	Save	
	5440	

Figure 4-38

- Disable Wireless Security: If you do not want to use wireless security, check this radio button. But it's strongly recommended to choose one of the following modes to enable security.
- > WPA/WPA2-Personal It's the WPA/WPA2 authentication type based on pre-shared

passphrase. The modem router is configured by this security type by default.

- Authentication Type: You can choose the type for the WPA/WPA2-Personal security on the drop-down list. The default setting is Auto, which can select WPA-PSK or WPA2-PSK authentication type automatically based on the wireless station's capability and request.
- Encryption: You can select Auto, TKIP or AES as Encryption.
- Wireless Password: You can enter ASCII characters between 8 and 63 characters or 8 to 64 Hexadecimal characters. The default password is the same with the default PIN code, which is labeled on the bottom of the Router or can be found in Figure 4-35.
- **Group Key Update Period:** Specify the group key update interval in seconds. The value should be 30 or above. Enter 0 to disable the update.
- > WPA/WPA2 Enterprise: It's based on Radius Server.

WPA/WPA2 - Enterprise	
Authentication Type:	Auto 🛩
Encryption:	Auto 🛩
RADIUS Server IP:	
RADIUS Server Port:	1812
RADIUS Server Password:	
	(Enter ASCII characters between 8 and 63 or Hexadecimal characters between 8 and 64.)
Group Key Update Period:	0 (in second, minimum is 30, 0 means no update)

- Authentication Type: Authentication Type: You can choose the type for the WPA/WPA2-Personal security on the drop-down list. The default setting is Auto, which can select WPA-PSK or WPA2-PSK authentication type automatically based on the wireless station's capability and request.
- Encryption: You can select Auto, TKIP or AES as Encryption.
- RADIUS Server IP: Enter the IP address of the Radius Server.
- RADIUS Server Port: Enter the port that radius service used.
- RADIUS Server Password: Enter the password for the Radius Server.
- **Group Key Update Period:** Specify the group key update interval in seconds. The value should be 30 or above. Enter 0 to disable the update.
- > **WEP:** It is based on the IEEE 802.11 standard.

● WEP		
Authentication Type:	Open System 💌	
WEP Key Format:	Hexadecimal 💌	
Selected Key:	WEP Key	Кеу Туре
Key 1: 💿		Disabled 💌
Key 2: 🔾		Disabled 🚩
Key 3: 🔾		Disabled 🖌
Key 4: 🔾		Disabled 👻

- Authentication Type: You can choose the type for the WPA/WPA2-Personal security on the drop-down list. The default setting is Auto, which can select WPA-PSK or WPA2-PSK authentication type automatically based on the wireless station's capability and request.
- WEP Key Format: Hexadecimal and ASCII formats are provided here. Hexadecimal

format stands for any combination of hexadecimal digits (0-9, a-f, A-F) in the specified length. **ASCII** format stands for any combination of keyboard characters in the specified length.

- **WEP Key:** Select which of the four keys will be used and enter the matching WEP key that you create. Make sure these values are identical on all wireless stations in your network.
- **Key Type:** You can select the WEP key length (64-bit, or 128-bit.) for encryption. "Disabled" means this WEP key entry is invalid.

64-bit: You can enter 10 hexadecimal digits (any combination of 0-9, a-f, A-F, zero key is not promoted) or 5 ASCII characters.

128-bit: You can enter 26 hexadecimal digits (any combination of 0-9, a-f, A-F, zero key is not promoted) or 13 ASCII characters.

P Note:

If you do not set the key, the wireless security function is still disabled even if you have selected Shared Key as Authentication Type.

Be sure to click the **Save** button to save your settings on this page.

4.7.4 Wireless MAC Filtering

Choose menu "Wireless" \rightarrow "Wireless MAC Filtering", you can control the wireless access by configuring the Wireless MAC Filtering function, shown in Figure 4-39.

You can configur	e the Wireless MAC Filterin	g to control the wir	reless access on this page.	
Wireless MAC F	iltering: Enabled	Disable		
Filtering Rules				
Output Deny the stat	ions specified by any enabl	ed entries in the li:	st to access.	
O Allow the stati	ions specified by any enabl			
 Allow the stati 				Edit
 Allow the stati 	ions specified by any enabl	ed entries in the lis	st to access.	Edit

Figure 4-39

To filter wireless users by MAC Address, click Enable. The default setting is Disabled.

- > MAC Address: The wireless station's MAC address that you want to filter.
- Status: The status of this entry either Enabled or Disabled.
- > **Description:** A simple description of the wireless station.

To Add a Wireless MAC Address filtering entry, click the **Add New** button. The following page will appear, shown in Figure 4-40:

Wireless MAC Filtering settings	
You can configure the Wireless MAC Filtering to control	the wireless access on this page.
MAC Address: Description:	e.g. 00:1D:0F:11:22:33
Status:	Enabled 💌
	Save Back

Figure 4-40

To add or modify a MAC Address Filtering entry, follow these instructions:

- Enter the appropriate MAC Address into the MAC Address field. The format of the MAC Address is XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX (X is any hexadecimal digit). For example: 00:1D:0F:11:22:33.
- 2. Give a simple description for the wireless station in the **Description** field. For example: Wireless station A.
- 3. Select **Enabled** or **Disabled** for this entry on the **Status** drop-down list.
- 4. Click the **Save** button to save this entry.

To edit or delete an existing entry:

- 1. Click the **Edit** in the entry you want to modify.
- 2. Modify the information.
- 3. Click the **Save** button.

Click the Enable/ Disabled Selected button to make selected entries enabled or disabled.

Click the **Delete Selected** button to selected entries.

For example: If you desire that the wireless station A with MAC address 00:1D:0F:11:22:33 and the wireless station B with MAC address 00:0A:EB:00:07:5F are able to access the modem router, but all the other wireless stations cannot access the Modem router, you can configure the **Wireless MAC Address Filtering** list by following these steps:

- 1. Click the **Enable** button to enable this function.
- 2. Select the radio button "Allow the stations specified by any enabled entries in the list to access" for Filtering Rules.
- 3. Delete all or disable all entries if there are any entries already.
- 4. Click the Add New button.
 - 1) Enter the MAC address 00:1D:0F:11:22:33/00:0A:EB:00:07:5F in the **MAC Address** field.
 - 2) Enter wireless station A/B in the **Description** field.
 - 3) Select Enabled in the Status drop-down list.
 - 4) Click the **Save** button.
 - 5) Click the **Back** button.

The filtering rules that configured should be similar to the following list:

Filtering Rules					
O Deny the sta	tions :	specified by any enable	d entries in the li	ist to access.	
Allow the stat	tions s	specified by any enable	d entries in the li	ist to access.	
		MAC Address	Status	Decarintian	Edit
		MAC Address	Status	Description	Eait
		00:1D:0F:11:22:33	Enabled	Wireless station A	Edit
		00:0A:EB:00:07:5F	Enabled	Wireless station B	Edit
					;
Add New	/	Enable Selecte	d Disab	le Selected Delete Selected	

4.7.5 Wireless Advanced

Choose menu "**Wireless**"→"**Wireless Advanced**", you can configure the advanced settings of your wireless network.

Wirelsss Lan Advanced Setting		
Transmit Power:	100% 🔽	
Beacon Interval:	100	(25-1000)
RTS Threshold:	2346	(1-2346)
Fragmentation Threshold:	2346	(256-2346)
DTIM Interval:	1	(1-255)
	🗹 Enable	e Short Gl
	🔲 Enable	Client isolation
	🗹 Enable	WMM
		Save



- Transmit Power: Here you can specify the transmit power of modem router. You can select High, Middle or Low which you would like. High is the default setting and is recommended.
- Beacon Interval: Enter a value between 25-1000 milliseconds for Beacon Interval here. The beacons are the packets sent by the modem router to synchronize a wireless network. Beacon Interval value determines the time interval of the beacons. The default value is 100.
- RTS Threshold: Here you can specify the RTS (Request to Send) Threshold. If the packet is larger than the specified RTS Threshold size, the modem router will send RTS frames to a particular receiving station and negotiate the sending of a data frame. The default value is 2346.
- Fragmentation Threshold: This value is the maximum size determining whether packets will be fragmented. Setting the Fragmentation Threshold too low may result in poor network performance because of excessive packets. 2346 is the default setting and is recommended.
- DTIM Interval: This value determines the interval of the Delivery Traffic Indication Message (DTIM). A DTIM field is a countdown field informing clients of the next window for listening to broadcast and multicast messages. When the modem router has buffered broadcast or multicast messages for associated clients, it sends the next DTIM with a DTIM Interval value. You can specify the value between 1-255 Beacon Intervals. The default value is 1, which indicates the DTIM Interval is the same as Beacon Interval.

- Enable Short GI: This function is recommended for it will increase the data capacity by reducing the guard interval time.
- Enabled Client isolation: This function can isolate wireless stations on your network from each other. Wireless devices will be able to communicate with the modem router but not with each other. To use this function, check this box. Client isolation is disabled by default.
- Enable WMM: WMM function can guarantee the packets with high-priority messages being transmitted preferentially. It is strongly recommended.

PNote:

If you are not familiar with the setting items in this page, it's strongly recommended to keep the provided default values; otherwise it may result in lower wireless network performance.

4.7.6 Wireless Status

Choose menu "**Wireless**"→"**Wireless Status**", you can see the MAC Address, Current Status, Received Packets and Sent Packets for each connected wireless station.

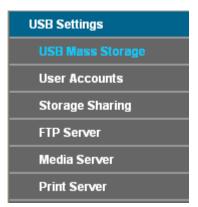
Wireless Stations	Statu	S			
This page displa	ys the	basic information of all stations in	this wireless network.		
Current Connecte	d Wire	eless Stations numbers: 0	efresh		
	ID	MAC Address	Current Status	Received Packets	Sent Packets

Figure 4-42

- > MAC Address: The connected wireless station's MAC address
- Current Status: The connected wireless station's running status, one of STA-AUTH/ STA-ASSOC/ STA-JOINED/ WPA/ WPA-PSK/ WPA2/ WPA2-PSK/ AP-UP/ AP-DOWN/ Disconnected
- Received Packets: Packets received by the station
- > Sent Packets: Packets sent by the station

You cannot change any of the values on this page. To update this page and to show the current connected wireless stations, click on the **Refresh** button.

4.8 USB Settings



There are six submenus under the USB Settings menu, **USB Mass Storage**, **User Accounts**, **Storage Sharing**, **FTP Server**, **Media Server** and **Print Server**. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

4.8.1 USB Mass Storage

Choose menu "**USB Settings** \rightarrow "**USB Mass Storage**", you can configure a USB disk drive attached to the modem router and view volume and share properties such as share name, capacity, status, and action, etc on this page as shown below.

Mass Storage						
This page provides the basic info	rmation about the con	nected USB mass sto	orage, to configure Sto	rage Sharing/FTP/Me	edia Server, please click ti	ne corresponding menu
on the left side.						
USB Mass storage List:						
D	iakii: Kingatan (DataT	revelor 3.0 \ Devr. 1.1	00	0.00	nasted Disconnect	
D	isk1: Kingston (DataT	,			nected <u>Disconnect</u>	
	Volume	File System	Capacity	Status	Action	_
	sda1	FAT32	1.5 GB	Active	<u>Deactivate</u>	
			Refresh			
			Kellesi			
Note:						
1. Click the REFRESH button to d	letect your USB device	. The Modern Router	r will automatically activ	vate the first two USB	storage devices or up to	eight volumes;
2. If you want to use other volume	es in your storage dev	ice(s), please "Deact	ivate" some unused vo	lumes and "Activate"	the other desired volume	s;
3. Click "Disconnect" button befor	re unplugging your US	B device to avoid dat	ta loss or damage to th	ne device.		
4. Supported USB Mass Storag	ge: hard disk, flash dis	sk or memory card re	ader;			
Supported File System Type	: FAT32 and NTFS;					
Supported Volumes:Only two	USB storage devices	with up to eight volu	mes could be activate	d simultaneously, up :	to four USB storage devic	es with about eighteen
volumes could be recognized.						

Figure 4-43

- > Volume: The volume name of the USB drive the users have access to.
- > File System: The system of the USB drive.
- > **Capacity:** The storage capacity of the USB driver.
- Status: Indicates the shared or non-shared status of the volume. Online means volume can be shared, while Offline means volume can not be shared. If Deactivate in Action field is enabled, Disabled will be displayed in the Status field, which means volume can not be shared.
- Action: When the volume is shared, you can click the Deactivate to stop sharing the volume; when volume is non-shared, you can click the Enable button to share the volume.

Click **Disconenct** to safely remove the USB storage device that is connected to USB port.

P Note:

Before removing the USB storage device, you should click "Disconnect" to make sure that all your data have been saved completely. Removing device directly may cause your USB storage device crashed.

4.8.2 User Accounts

You can specify the user name and password for Storage Sharing and FTP Server users on this page. Storage Sharing users can access the folders by entering the following URL into the

address field of your browser or Windows Explorer, such as. \\192.168.1.1. FTP Server users can log into the FTP Server via FTP Client.

There are five users here, which provide means to control the access to the USB mass storage by Storage Sharing or FTP. The Super User has the right to read and write to Storage Sharing and FTP Server.

Index	Username	Status	Action
1	admin*	Enabled	💿 Enable 🔿 Disable
2			
3			
4			
5			
	Choose Index: 1		



To add a new user account, please follow the steps below:

- 1. Choose the index from the drop-down list of **Choose Index**.
- 2. Self-define a New Username.
- 3. Enter the password in the **New Password** field.
- 4. Re-enter the password in the **Confirm Password** field.
- 5. Click the **Set** button, and then a new entry will be added in the table.

To delete an existing user account, please click **Delete** in the **Action** column.

4.8.3 Storage Sharing

Choose menu "**USB Settings**" \rightarrow "**Storage Sharing**", you can configure a USB disk drive attached to the modem router and view volume and share properties on this page as shown below.

-W8970B 300	Mbps Wireless N Gigabit ADSL2+ Modem Router (Annex B) User Gเ
torage Sharing Settir	ngs
Storage Sharing allows y	you to share the files on the USB storage device with other computers locally.
	Server Status: Enabled Disable
	Anonymous access to all the volumes
Note: 1. Storage Sharing funct operating systems.	ion is based on NetBIOS/SMB protocol which is supported by most Windows operating system and some other
2. anonymous: All active	volume(s) will be shared and authentication is not required.
3. You will be able to acc	ess the folders with the following methods:
For Windows OS:	Open "Run" window in the Start menu and enter \\(IP Address) or \\(IP Address)\(Share Name) e.g. \\192.168.1.1 or \\192.168.1.1\photo;
For Mac OS:	Open "Connect to Server" window in the Go menu and enter smb://(IP Address) or smb://(IP Address)/(Share Name) e.g. smb://192.168.1.1 or smb://192.168.1.1/photo.

Figure 4-45

- Server Status: Indicates the Storage Sharing's current status.
- Anonymous access to all the volumes: This function is enabled by default, so users can access all activated volumes of Storage Sharing without accounts. If you want to add a shared folder which does not allow anonymous login, uncheck the box to disable this function. And Folder Table will be displayed as shown below.

	Share Name	Director	y	(F:F	Full-Acc	er Acce ess, R: lo-Acce	Read-C)nly,	Status	Edit
				1*	2	3	4	5		
C	volume	1		F	-	-	-	-	Enabled	Edit
		ess permission (Read &	Write) to all act				re folde e Sel	. ,		



- > Share Name: This folder's display name.
- > **Directory:** The real full path of the specified folder.
- User Access: The authorization of the user is displayed. * users mean Super Users who have the full-access permission to all activated volumes and share folders. Grey users mean the users who have no right to use this function. Others are common users.
- > **Status:** The status of the entry is enabled or disabled.
- > Edit: Click Edit in the table, and then you can modify the entry.

To add a new folder, follow the instructions below.

1. Click Add New Folder in Figure 4-46.

Folder Browse						
This page allow enabled.	w you to set a share	ed folder and access a	authorization for Sto	prage Sharing service	It will not take effect when Anonyr	nous access been
		Share Name:				
		Directory:	7			
			Browse			
	User Acces	ss Control Table:				
	Index	User Nam	e	Acces	s Authorization	
	1*	admin		Full-Access	○ Read-Only ○ No-Access	
	2					
	3					
	4					
	5					
	* : "Super U	ser", it has full-access	permission to all a	ctived volume(s) and	share folder(s).	
			Ар	ply		

Figure 4-47

- 2. Click the Browse button, and then select the Select Volume from the drop-down list.
- 3. Enter display name of the share folder in **Share Name** filed.
- 4. Click the **Apply** button to apply the settings.

You can click the upper button to go to the upper folder

Click the **Enable/Disable Selected** button to enable or disable the selected entries.

Click the **Delete Selected** button to delete the selected entries.

P Note:

- 1. The max share folders number is 10. If you want to share a new folder when the number has reached 10, you can delete an existing share folder and then add a new one.
- 2. If you want to change the Storage Sharing settings, you can click the Apply button to make the changes take effect.

4.8.4 FTP Server

Choose menu "USB Settings" \rightarrow "FTP Server", you can create an FTP server that can be accessed from the Internet or your local network.

P Server	Setting											
			ows you to share the file:	s on the USB storage (device to i	the local (or public r	network. Y	'ou will ne	ed to define the	shared folders	and
assign	the user	's authorization for the	different folders.									
			Server Status:	Enabled Dis	able							
			Internet Access:	🔘 Enable 💿 Disal	ole	_						
			Internet Address:	0.0.0								
			Service Port:	21 (The defau	lt is 21. D	o not cha	nae unles	s necess	arv.)			
Folder	- Table	(Any changes of this ta	ble will not take effect ur	til vou Apply it)								
Folder	Table.	(Any changes of this ta	DIE WIII HULLAKE EHELL UI	ин уой Арріу іс.)			lser inde	~				
		Share name	Direct	orv	(F:Full-/			nly, N: No-	Access)	Status	Edit	
			Direct	,	1*	2	3	4	5	otatas	Lan	
		volume	1		F	-	-	-	-	Enabled	Edit	
*: "Sup	ber User'	, It has full-access perr	nission to all active volum	ne(s) and shared folde	r(s).							
Ad	ld New F	older Enable	Selected Disable	e Selected De	elete Sele	cted						
				An	ply	1						
				P	piy	1						
Note:												
1. You	could be	e able to access the fold	lers by entering the follo	wing URL on Windows	Explorer	or other F	TP softw	are:				
ftp://	(IP Addr	ess)										
eg. f	tp://192.	168.1.1										
2. FTP	Server	will get restarted and all	your current FTP conne	ctions will be terminat	ed after y	ou click A	pply butto	on.				
		-										

Figure 4-48

- > Server Status: Indicates the FTP Server's current status.
- Internet Access: If Internet Access is enabled, user(s) in public network can access FTP server via Internet Address.
- > Internet Address: If Internet Access is enabled, WAN IP will be displayed here.
- Service Port: Enter the FTP Port number to use. The default is 21.
- > Share Name: This folder's display name.
- > **Directory:** The real full path of the specified folder.
- > User Index: The authorization of the user is displayed.
- > Status: The status of the entry is enabled or disabled.
- Edit: Click Edit in the table, and then you can modify the entry.

To add a new folder, follow the instructions below.

1. Click Add New Folder in Figure 4-48.

TD-W8970B	300Mbps	Wireless	N Gigabit	ADSL2+ Modem	Router (Annex	(B)	User	Guide
						/		

	Share Name:	
	Directory: /	
	Browse	
User Acces	s Control Table:	
Index	User Name	Access Authorization
1*	admin	Full-Access
2		
3		
4		
5		
	Index 1* 2 3 4	User Access Control Table: Index User Name 1* admin 2

Figure 4-49

- 2. Click the **Browse** button, and then select the **Select Volume** from the drop-down list.
- 3. Enter display name of the share folder in **Share Name** filed.
- 4. Click the Apply button to apply the settings.

You can click the **upper** button to go to the upper folder.

Click the Enable/Disable Selected button to enable or disable the selected entries.

Click the **Delete Selected** button to delete the selected entries.

P Note:

- 1. The max share folders number is 10. If you want to share a new folder when the number has reached 10, you can delete an existing share folder and then add a new one.
- 2. If you want to change the FTP settings, you can click the Apply button to make the changes take effect.

4.8.5 Media Server

Choose menu "**USB Settings**"→"**Media Server**", you can create media server that allows you to share stored content with other computers and devices on your home network and on the Internet.

Media Server Settings	
Sec	erver Enable: Enable Image: Disable Erver Name: MediaShare Manual Scan: Scan Now Auto Scan: Every 1 w hour(s)
Add New Folder	
	Save

Figure 4-50

> Server Enable: Select this box to enable this function.

Server Name: The name of this Media Server.

To add a new share folder for your media server, please follow the instructions below:

- a) Click Add New Folder button, and you will see the screen as shown in Figure 4-51.
- b) Enter the name of the share folder in Share Name field.
- c) Click the **Apply** button to apply the configuration.

Folder Browse	
This page allow you to set a scan folder for DLNA media	i service!
Share Name:	
Directory:	7
	Browse
	Арріу



b) Click the **Scan now** to scan all the share folders immediately. You can also select the **Auto-scan**, at same time, select an auto scan interval time by drop-down list. In this case, the media server will auto scan the share folders.

PNote:

The max share folders number is 6. If you want share a new folder when the numbers has been reached to be 6, you can delete a share folder and then add a new one.

4.8.6 Print Server

Choose menu "**USB Settings**" \rightarrow "**Print Server**", you can configure print server on this page as shown below.

Print Server Setting	
Server Status: Online Stop	

Figure 4-52

There are three states of the print server, they are as follows:

- Online: Indicates the print service has been turned on, and no user is using the print services at present. You can click the "Stop" button to stop the print service.
- Offline: Indicates the print service feature is disabled. You can click "Start" button to start the print service.
- Busy: Indicates the print service has been turned on, but at this moment other users are using print services.

4.9 Route Settings

Choose "Route Settings", it includes four menus: Default Gateway, Static Route IPv6 Static Route and RIP Settings. The detailed descriptions are provided below.

Route Settings
Default Gateway
Static Route
IPv6 Static Route
RIP Settings

4.9.1 Default Gateway

Choose "**Route Settings**"→"**Default Gateway**", you can see the Default Gateway screen. You can select a WAN Interface from the drop-down list as the system default gateway.

Default Gateway Setting	
Select a preferred WAN interface as the system de	efault gateway.
Select WAN Interface:	No available interface. Add Interface
	Save

Figure 4-53

Click the Add Interface button, you can add WAN Interfaces.

Click the **Save** button to save your settings.

4.9.2 Static Route

Choose "**Route Settings**" \rightarrow "**Static Route**". You can see the Static Route screen, this screen allows you to configure the static routes (shown in Figure 4-54). A static route is a pre-determined path that network information must travel to reach a specific host or network.

Static F	Route					
Th	is page displays static ro	oute table. Click re	elevant button to configure it.			
	Destination IP	Address	Subnet Mask	Gateway	Status	Edit
	202.96.134	.210	255.255.255.0	172.30.74.1	Enabled	Edit
	Add New	Enable Select	Disable Selected	Delete Selected		
			Refresh			

Figure 4-54

To add static routing entries:

1. Click the **Add New** button in Figure 4-54, and you will see the screen as shown in Figure 4-55.

TD-W8970B	300Mbps	Wireless N	Gigabit	ADSL2+	Modem	Router	(Annex	B)	User	Guide
Static Route										
Static Route ir	nformation can t	oe set on this pa	ge.							
		Destination IP	Address:	202.96.13	4.210					

Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0
Gateway:	172.30.74.1
Interface:	LAN
Status:	Enabled 💌
_	
	Save Back
	Enabled

Figure 4-55

- 2. Enter the following data:
- Destination IP Address: The Destination IP Address is the address of the network or host that you want to assign to a static route.
- Subnet Mask: The Subnet Mask determines which portion of an IP Address is the network portion, and which portion is the host portion.
- Gateway: Here you should type the Gateway address correctly, and the option for Interface will adopt the default Gateway address for the Static Route.
- Interface: Select the Interface name in the text box, or else, the default Use Interface will be adopted for the Static Route.
- > Status: Select Enabled or disabled from the drop-down list.
- 3. Click **Save** to save your settings as shown in Figure 4-55.

To modify or delete an existing entry:

- 1 Find the desired entry in the table.
- 2 Click **Edit** as desired on the **Edit** column.

Click the Enable/ Disabled Selected button to make selected entries enabled/ disabled.

Click the **Delete Selected** button to delete selected entries.

4.9.3 IPv6 Static Route

Choose "**Route Settings**" \rightarrow "**IPv6 Static Route**". You can see the IPv6 Static Route screen. This screen allows you to configure the IPv6 static routes (shown in Figure 4-54). An IPv6 static route is a pre-determined path that network information must travel to reach a specific host or network.

IPv6 Static Route			
This page displays IPv6 static route table. Click relevant button to configure i	it.		
Destination IPv6 Address/Prefix Length	Gateway	Status	Edit
Add New Enable Selected Disable Selected	Delete Selected		
	Refresh		

Figure 4-56

To add a new entry, follow the instructions below.

1. Click the **Add New** button in Figure 4-56, and you will see the screen as shown in Figure 4-57.

IPv6 Static Route	
IPv6 Static Route information can be set on this page.	
Note:Only support IPv6 address which prefix length is 8/16/24/3	2/40/48/56/64.
Destination IPv6 Address:	
Prefix Length:	
Gateway:	
Interface:	LAN
Status:	Enabled 💌
	Save Back

Figure 4-57

- 2. Enter the following data:
- Destination IPv6 Address: The Destination IPv6 Address is the address of the network or host that you want to assign to a static route.
- > **Prefix Length:** The prefix length of the destination IPv6 address.
- Gateway: Here you should type the IPv6 Gateway address correctly, and the option for Interface will adopt the default IPv6 Gateway address for the IPv6 Static Route.
- Interface: Select the Interface name from the drop-down list, or else, the default Interface will be adopted for the IPv6 Static Route.
- > Status: Select Enabled or Disabled from the drop-down list.
- 3. Click **Save** to save your settings.

To modify or delete an existing entry:

- 1. Find the desired entry in the table.
- 2. Click Edit as desired on the Edit column.

Click the Enable/ Disabled Selected button to make selected entries enabled/ disabled.

Click the **Delete Selected** button to delete selected entries.

4.9.4 RIP Settings

Choose "**Route Settings**" \rightarrow "**RIP Settings**", you can see the RIP (Routing Information Protocol) screen which allows you to configure the RIP.

P Settir	ngs										
WAN	To activate RIP for the WAN interface, select the desired RIP version and operation and place a check in the 'Enabled' checkbox. To stop RIP on WAN Interface, uncheck the 'Enabled' checkbox. Click the 'Save/Apply' button to start/stop RIP and save the configuration. NOTE: RIP cannot be configured on the WAN interface which has NAT enabled.										
	Interface	Version	Operation	Enabled							
			Save								

Figure 4-58

P Note:

RIP cannot be configured on the WAN Interface which has NAT enabled (such as PPPoE).

4.10 Forwarding

Forwarding
Virtual Servers
Port Triggering
DMZ
UPnP

There are four submenus under the Forwarding menu: **Virtual Servers**, **Port Triggering**, **DMZ** and **UPnP**. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

4.10.1 Virtual Servers

Choose menu "Forwarding" \rightarrow "Virtual Servers", and then you can view and add virtual servers in the next screen (shown in Figure 4-59). Virtual servers can be used for setting up public services on your LAN. A virtual server is defined as a service port, and all requests from Internet to this service port will be redirected to the computer specified by the server IP. Any PC that was used for a virtual server must have a static or reserved IP address because its IP address may change when using the DHCP function.

	in server defines the ma computer specified by th	apping from WAN service p ne server IP.	oort to LAN server. All re	equests from the inte	ernet to this serv	ice port will be redirecte	ed to
	Service Port	IP Address	Internal Port	Protocol	Status	WAN	Edit
	21	192.168.1.100	21	TCP	Enabled	pppoe_8_35_2_d	Edit
·	Add New	Enable Selected	Disable Selected	1		pppoc_0_00_2_u	

Figure 4-59

- Service Port: The numbers of External Service Ports. You can enter a service port or a range of service ports (the format is XXX – YYY; XXX is the Start port and YYY is the End port).
- > **IP Address**: The IP address of the PC running the service application.

- Protocol: The protocol used for this application, either TCP, UDP, or All (all protocols supported by the modem router).
- > Status: The status of this entry, "Enabled" means the virtual server entry is enabled.
- > Edit: To modify or delete an existing entry.

To set up a virtual server entry:

- 1. Click the **Add New** button. (pop-up Figure 4-60)
- 2. Select the service you want to use from the **Common Service Port** list. If the **Common Service Port** menu does not list the service that you want to use, enter the number of the service port or service port range in the **Service Port** field.
- 3. Select the service you want to use from the Interface list.
- 4. Enter the IP address of the computer running the service application in the IP Address field.
- 5. Select the protocol used for this application in the **Protocol** drop-down list, either **TCP**, **UDP**, or **All**.
- 6. Select the Enabled option in the Status drop-down list.

Click the Save button.

Virtual Server						
Virtual server defines the mapping from WAN service port to LAN server. All requests from the Internet to this service port will be redirected to the computer specified by the server IP.						
Note: Virtual Server setup is supported only when there is a	vailable interface. Po	rts used by Remote Management or CWMP will not work.				
Interface:	pppoe_8_35_2_d	Y				
Service Port:		_ (XX-XX or XX)				
IP Address:						
Internal Port:		(XX or keep empty)				
Protocol:	ALL	×				
Status:	Enabled	~				
Common Service Port:	Please Select	~				
Si	ave	Back				

Figure 4-60

Note:

It is possible that you have a computer or server that has more than one type of available service. If so, select another service, and type the same IP address for that computer or server.

To modify or delete an existing entry:

- 1. Find the desired entry in the table.
- 2. Click Edit as desired on the Edit column.

Click the Enable/ Disabled Selected button to make selected entries enabled/ disabled.

Click the **Delete Selected** button to delete selected entries.

Note:

If you set the service port of the virtual server as 80, you must set the Web management port on **System Tools -> Manage Control** page to be any other value except 80 such as 8080. Otherwise there will be a conflict to disable the virtual server.

4.10.2 Port Triggering

Choose menu "Forwarding"→ "Port Triggering", you can view and add port triggering in the next screen (shown in Figure 4-61). Some applications require multiple connections, like Internet games, video conferencing, Internet telephoning and so on. Port Triggering is used for some of these applications that cannot work with a pure NAT modem router.

Port Tr	Port Trigger									
	Some applications require multiple connections, such as Internet games, video conferences, Internet callings and so on. Due to firewall,these applications cannot work with a pure NAT Router. Port Triggering can help some of these applications deal with this problem.									
	Trigger Port	Trigger Protocol	Open Port	Open Protocol	Status	Edit				
	6112	TCP or UDP	6112	TCP or UDP	Enable	Edit				
	Add New Enable Selected Disable Selected Delete Selected									
			Refresh							

Figure 4-61

To add a new rule, follow the steps below.

- 1. Click the **Add New** button, the next screen will pop-up as shown in Figure 4-62.
- Select a common application from the Common Service Port drop-down list, then the Trigger Port field and the Open Ports field will be automatically filled. If the Common Service Port does not have the application you need, enter the Trigger Port and the Open Ports manually.
- 3. Select the protocol used for Trigger Port from the **Trigger Protocol** drop-down list, either **TCP**, **UDP**, or **All**.
- 4. Select the protocol used for Incoming Ports from the **Open Protocol** drop-down list, either **TCP** or **UDP**, or **All**.
- 5. Select **Enable** in **Status** field.
- 6. Click the **Save** button to save the new rule.

Port Trigger	
	et games, video conferences, Internet callings and so on. Due to firewall,these ing can help some of these applications deal with this problem.
Note: Port Triggering is supported only when there is available	interface.
Use Interface:	pppoe_8_35_2
Trigger Port:	
Trigger Protocol:	ALL
Open Port:	
Open Protocol:	ALL 💌
Status:	Enabled 😽
Common Service Port:	Please Select V
	Save Back

Figure 4-62

Trigger Port: The port for outgoing traffic. An outgoing connection using this port will trigger this rule.

- Trigger Protocol: The protocol used for Trigger Ports, either TCP, UDP, or All (all protocols supported by the modem router).
- Open Port: The port or port range used by the remote system when it responds to the outgoing request. A response using one of these ports will be forwarded to the PC which triggered this rule. You can input at most 5 groups of ports (or port sections). Every group of ports must be separated with ",", for example, 2000-2038, 2046, 2050-2051, 2085, 3010-3030.
- Open Protocol: The protocol used for Incoming Port, either TCP, UDP, or ALL (all protocols supported by the modem router).
- **Status**: The status of this entry, Enabled means the Port Triggering entry is enabled.
- Common Service Port: Some popular applications already listed in the drop-down list of Open Protocol.

To modify or delete an existing entry:

- 1. Find the desired entry in the table.
- 2. Click Edit as desired on the Edit column.

Click the Enable/ Disabled Selected button to make selected entries enabled/ disabled.

Click the **Delete Selected** button to delete selected entries.

Once the modem router is configured, the operation is as follows:

- 1. A local host makes an outgoing connection to an external host using a destination port number defined in the **Trigger Port** field.
- 2. The modem router records this connection, opens the incoming port or ports associated with this entry in the **Port Triggering** table, and associates them with the local host.
- 3. When necessary, the external host will be able to connect to the local host using one of the ports defined in the **Incoming Ports** field.

Note:

- 1. When the trigger connection is released, the corresponding opened ports will be closed.
- 2. Each rule can only be used by one host on the LAN at a time. The trigger connection of other hosts on the LAN will be refused.
- 3. **Open Ports** ranges cannot overlap each other.

4.10.3 DMZ

Choose menu "Forwarding \rightarrow DMZ", and then you can view and configure DMZ host in the screen (shown in Figure 4-63). The DMZ host feature allows one local host to be exposed to the Internet for a special-purpose service such as Internet gaming or videoconferencing. The modem router forwards packets of all services to the DMZ host. Any PC whose port is being forwarded must have its DHCP client function disabled and should have a new static IP Address assigned to it because its IP Address may be changed when using the DHCP function.

DMZ	
The DMZ host feature allows one local host to be exposed to the	e Internet for bidirectional communication.
DMZ Status:	Enable Oisable
DMZ Host IP Address:	0.0.0.0
	Save

Figure 4-63

To assign a computer or server to be a DMZ server:

- 1. Click the **Enable** button.
- 2. Enter the IP address of a local PC that is set to be DMZ host in the **DMZ Host IP Address** field.
- 3. Click the **Save** button.

4.10.4 UPnP

Choose menu "Forwarding \rightarrow UPnP", and then you can view the information about UPnP in the screen (shown in Figure 4-64). The Universal Plug and Play (UPnP) feature allows the devices, such as Internet computers, to access the local host resources or devices as needed. UPnP devices can be automatically discovered by the UPnP service application on the LAN.

UPnP									
This page displays UPnP status and settings.									
Current UPnP Status: Enabled Disable									
Current UPnP Settings List									
		ID App Description External Port Protocol Internal Port IP Address Status							

Figure 4-64

- Current UPnP Status: UPnP can be enabled or disabled by clicking the Enable or Disable button. This feature is enabled by default.
- Current UPnP Settings List: This table displays the current UPnP information.
 - **App Description**: The description about the application which initiates the UPnP request.
 - External Port: The port which the modem router opened for the application.
 - **Protocol**: The type of protocol which is opened.
 - Internal Port: The port which the modem router opened for local host.
 - IP Address: The IP address of the local host which initiates the UPnP request.
 - **Status**: Either Enabled or Disabled. "Enabled" means that the port is still active; otherwise, the port is inactive.

Click the **Enable** button to enable UPnP.

Click the **Disable** button to disable UPnP.

Click the **Refresh** button to update the Current UPnP Settings List.

4.11 Parental Control

Choose menu **"Parental Control**", and you can configure the parental control in the screen as shown in Figure 4-65. The Parental Control function can be used to control the internet activities of the child, limit the child to access certain websites and restrict the time of surfing.

Parent Control
Parent Control function can be used to control the Internet activities of children/guests and limit the access to specified websites during specified time period.
Enable Parent Control
MAC Address Of Parental PC:
MAC Address of Current PC: 40:61:86:FC:74:93 Copy to Above
Save
MAC Address - 1:
MAC Address - 2:
MAC Address - 3:
MAC Address - 4:
MAC Address in current LAN: 40:61:86:FC:74:93 Copy toPlease Select-
Apply To: Start Time End Time Each Day 00:00 24:00 Add
Each Day
Time 0:00 1:00 2:00 3:00 4:00 5:00 6:00 9:00 10:00 11:00 12:00 13:00 14:00
Sun. Sun.
Mon.
Wed
Thur.
Fn.
Sat.
Clear Schedule
Add URL: Add
Details
Delete Selected (It will not take effect until you save it.)
Save

Figure 4-65

- Enable Parental Control: Check the box if you want this function to take effect. This function is disabled by default.
- MAC Address of Parental PC: In this field, enter the MAC address of the controlling PC, or you can make use of the Copy To Above button below.
- MAC Address of Current PC: This field displays the MAC address of the PC that is managing this modem router. If the MAC Address of your adapter is registered, you can click the Copy To Above button to fill this address to the MAC Address of Parental PC field above.
- > Add URL: Here you can input the net addresses which the child is allowed to access.

Click the **Save** button to save your settings.

4.12 Firewall

Firewall	
Rule	
LAN Host	
WAN Host	
Schedule	

There are four submenus under the Firewall menu: **Rule**, **LAN Host**, **WAN Host** and **Schedule**. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

4.12.1 Rule

Choose menu "Firewall" \rightarrow "Rule", and then you can view and set Access Control rules in the screen as shown in Figure 4-66.

Firewall Rules								
This device can restrict the internet behavior of certain LAN hosts. You can set flexible combined rules by selecting proper "LAN Host", "WAN Host" and "Schedule" to conduct powerful internet access control management.								
Enable Firewall	Enable Firewall							
Default Filtering Rules:	Default Filtering Rules:							
Allow the packets not specified by any filtering r	ules to pass through the d	levice						
Deny the packets not specified by any filtering r	ules to pass through the d	evice						
Note: The modem router will first try to match the par by any filtering rules in the list, then the Default Filte		ng rules one by one in the l	ist and apply the first matcl	hing rule. If ti	he packet is not s	specified		
Save								
Description	LAN Host	Target	Schedule	Rule	Status	Edit		
Add New Enable Selected	Disable Selected	Delete Selected						

Figure 4-66

- Enable Firewall: Select the check box to enable the Firewall function, so the Default Filtering Rules can take effect.
- > **Description:** Here displays the description of the rule and this name is unique.
- > LAN Host: Here displays the host selected in the corresponding rule.
- > **Target:** Here displays the target selected in the corresponding rule.
- > Schedule: Here displays the schedule selected in the corresponding rule.
- > Status: Here displays the status of the rule, enabled or not.
- Edit: Here you can edit or delete an existing rule.
- > Add New: Click the Add New button to add a new rule entry.
- > Enable Selected: Click the Enable Selected button to enable the selected rules in the list.
- > Disable Selected: Click the Disable Selected button to disable the selected rules in the list.
- > Delete Selected: Click the Delete Selected button to delete the selected entries in the table.

The methods to add a new rule:

- 1. Click the Add New button and the next screen will pop up as shown in Figure 4-67.
- 2. Give a name (e.g. Rule_1) for the rule in the **Description** field.
- 3. Select a host from the LAN Host drop-down list or choose "Add LAN Host".
- 4. Select a target from the WAN Host drop-sown list or choose "Add WAN Host".
- 5. Select a schedule from the Schedule drop-down list or choose "Add Schedule".
- 6. In the Action field, select Deny or Allow to deny or allow your entry.
- 7. In the **Status** field, select **Enabled** or **Disabled** to enable or disable your entry.
- 8. In the **Direction** field, select **IN** or **OUT** from the drop-down list for the direction.
- 9. In the **Protocol** field, here are four options, All, TCP, UDP, and ICMP. Select one of them from the drop-down list for the target.
- 10. Click the **Save** button.

		-
Any Host	*	Add LAN Host
Any Host	*	Add WAN Host
Any Time	*	Add Schedule
Deny	*	
Enabled	*	
IN	*	
ALL	*	
ave	Back	ς
	Any Host Any Time Deny Enabled IN	Any Host Any Time Deny Enabled IN ALL

Figure 4-67

4.12.2 LAN Host

Choose menu "Firewall" \rightarrow "LAN Host", and then you can view and set a Host list in the screen as shown in Figure 4-68.

LAN HOS	Т			
		Description	Address Info	Edit
		Host_1	192.168.1.88	Edit
	Add	New Delete Selected		

Figure 4-68

- > **Description:** Here displays the description of the host and this description is unique.
- > Address Info: Here displays the information about the host. It can be IP or MAC.

Edit: To modify an existing entry.

To add a new entry, please follow the steps below.

- 1. Click the **Add New** button.
- 2. In the Mode field, select IP Address or MAC Address.
 - If you select IP Address, please follow the steps below:
 - 1) In **Description** field, create a unique description for the host (e.g. Host_1).
 - 2) In IP Address field, enter the IP address.
 - If you select MAC Address, please follow the steps below:
 - 1) In **Description** field, create a unique description for the host (e.g. Host_1).
 - 2) In **MAC Address** field, enter the MAC address.
- 3. Click the **Save** button to complete the settings.

Click the **Delete Selected** button to delete the selected entries in the table.

4.12.3 WAN Host

Choose menu "Firewall" \rightarrow "WAN Host", and then you can view and set a Host list in the screen as shown in Figure 4-69.

WAN HO	ST			
		Description	Details	Edit
		Host_1	202.114.71.2	Edit
	Add	New Delete Selected	·	

Figure 4-69

- > **Description:** Here displays the description about the WAN and this description is unique.
- > **Details:** The details can be IP address, port, or domain name.
- **Edit:** To modify an existing entry.

To add a new entry, please follow the steps below.

- 1. Click the **Add New** button.
- 2. In Mode field, select IP Address, MAC Address or URL Address.

If you select **IP Address**, the screen shown is Figure 4-70.

WAN HOST	
Mode:	IP Address
Description:	
IP Address:	-
Port:	-
	Save Back

Figure 4-70

- 1) In **Description** field, create a unique description for the host (e.g. Host_1).
- 2) In **IP Address** field, enter the IP address.

If you select MAC Address, the screen shown is Figure 4-71.

AC Address 💌
Save Back

Figure 4-71

- 1) In **Description** field, create a unique description for the host (e.g. Host_1).
- 2) In MAC Address field, enter the MAC address.

If you select **URL Address**, the screen shown is Figure 4-72.

WAN HOST			
Mode:	URL Address 👻		
Description:		_	
Add URL Address:		Add	
	I	Auu	
	etail		
Delete (It won't take effect until you save	it)		
	Save	Back	

Figure 4-72

- 1) In **Description** field, create a unique description for the host (e.g. Host_1).
- 2) Enter the URL address in the **Add URL Address** field, and then click the **Add** button. The URL address will be shown in the **Detail** table. If you click the **Delete** button, the existing URL address in the **Detail** table can be deleted.
- 3. Click the **Save** button to complete the settings.

4.12.4 Schedule

Choose menu "Firewall" \rightarrow "Schedule", and then you can view and set a Schedule list in the next screen as shown in Figure 4-73.

Task Schedule			
		Description	Edit
		Schedule_1	Edit
Add New	Delete Select	Schedule_1	



- > **Description**: Here displays the description of the schedule and this description is unique.
- **Edit**: Here you can modify an existing schedule.

To add a new schedule, follow the steps below:

- 1. Click Add New button and the next screen will pop-up as shown in Figure 4-74.
- 2. In **Description** field, create a unique description for the schedule (e.g. Schedule_1).
- 3. In **Apply To** field, select the day or days you need.
- 4. In time field, you can select all day-24 hours or you may enter the **Start Time** and **Stop Time** in the corresponding field.
- 5. Click **Save** to complete the settings.

Click the **Clear Schedule** button to clear your settings in the table.

		Des	cript	ion:												
Apply To:	Start	Time	e:				En	d Tin	ne:							
Each Day 🛛 👻	00:00		~				24:0	00		*					Ad	d
	Time	0:00	1:00	2:00	3:00	4:00	5:00	6:00	7:00	8:00	9:00	10:00	11:00)12:00	1:00	2:00
	Sun.															
	Mon.															
	Tues.															
	Wed.															
	Thur.															
	Fri.															
	Sat.															
		<														>

Figure 4-74

Click the **Delete Selected** button to delete the slected entries in the table.

4.13 IPv6 Firewall

IPv6 Firewall
IPv6 Rule
IPv6 LAN Host
IPv6 WAN Host
IPv6 Schedule

There are four submenus under the IPv6 Firewall menu: **IPv6 Rule**, **IPv6 LAN Host**, **IPv6 WAN Host** and **IPv6 Schedule**. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

4.13.1 IPv6 Rule

Choose menu "IPv6 Firewall" \rightarrow "IPv6 Rule", and then you can view and set Access Control rules in the screen as shown in Figure 4-75.

IPv6 Firewall Rules						
This device can restrict the internet behavior of cert "IPv6 Schedule" to conduct powerful internet access		an set flexible combined rule	s by selecting proper "IPv	6 LAN Host", '	"IPv6 WAN Host"	and
Enable IPv6 Firewall						
Default Filtering Rules						
Allow the packets not specified by any filtering	rules to pass through the c	device				
Deny the packets not specified by any filtering	rules to pass through the d	levice				
Note: The modem router will first try to match the pa by any filtering rules in the list, then the Default Filte		ing rules one by one in the I	ist and apply the first matc	hing rule. If th	he packet is not s	pecified
Save						
Description	IPv6 LAN Host	Target	Schedule	Rule	Status	Edit
Add New Enable Selected	Disable Selected	Delete Selected				

Figure 4-75

- Enable IPv6 Firewall: Select the check box to enable the IPv6 Firewall function, so the Default Filtering Rules can take effect.
- > **Description:** Here displays the description of the IPv6 rule and this name is unique.
- > **IPv6 LAN Host:** Here displays the LAN host selected in the corresponding rule.
- > **Target:** Here displays the target selected in the corresponding rule.
- Schedule: Here displays the schedule selected in the corresponding rule.
- > **Status:** Here displays the status of the rule either enabled or disabled.
- **Edit:** Here you can edit or delete an existing rule.

To add a new IPv6 rule:

1. Click the **Add New** button, and you will see the screen as shown in Figure 4-76.

IPv6 Firewall Rules	
An IPv6 internet control rule can be set on this page.	
Description:	
IPv6 LAN Host:	Any Host Y Add IPv6 LAN Host
IPv6 WAN Host:	Any Host Add IPv6 WAN Host
IPv6 Schedule:	Any Time Add IPv6 Schedule
Action:	Deny 💌
Status:	Enabled 💌
Direction:	IN 💌
Protocol:	ALL 💌
	Save Back



- 2. Give a name (e.g. Rule_1) for the rule in the **Description** field.
- 3. Select a host from the IPv6 LAN Host drop-down list or choose "Add IPv6 LAN Host".
- 4. Select a target from the IPv6 WAN Host drop-sown list or choose "Add IPv6 WAN Host".
- 5. Select a schedule from the IPv6 Schedule drop-down list or choose "Add IPv6 Schedule".
- 6. In the Action field, select Deny or Allow to deny or allow your entry.
- 7. In the **Status** field, select **Enabled** or **Disabled** to enable or disable your entry.
- 8. In the **Direction** field, select **IN** or **OUT** from the drop-down list for the direction.
- 9. In the **Protocol** field, here are four options, All, TCP, UDP, and ICMPv6. Select one of them from the drop-down list for the target.
- 10. Click the **Save** button to save the settings.

Click the **Enable/ Disable Selected** button to make selected entries enabled or disabled.

Click the **Delete Selected** button to delete selected entries.

4.13.2 IPv6 LAN Host

Choose menu "IPv6 Firewall" \rightarrow "IPv6 LAN Host", and then you can view and set a Host list in the screen as shown in Figure 4-77.

Edit
Edit

Figure 4-77

- > **Description:** Here displays the description of the host and this description is unique.
- > IPv6 Address Info: Here displays the information about the host.
- **Edit:** To modify an existing entry.

To add a new entry, please follow the steps below.

1. Click the Add New button, and you will see the screen as shown in Figure 4-78.

IPv6 LAN Host	
Description:	IPv6 LAN1
IPv6 Address:	2000::
Prefix Length:	64
Port:	888 - 999
	Save Back
	Save Datk



- 2. Create a unique name for the host (e.g. Host_1) in the **Description** field.
- 3. Enter an IPv6 address in the IPv6 Address field.
- 4. Enter the prefix length of the IPv6 address in the **Prefix Length** field.
- 5. Click the **Save** button to save the settings.

Click the **Delete Selected** button to delete selected entries.

4.13.3 IPv6 WAN Host

Choose menu "IPv6 Firewall" \rightarrow "IPv6 WAN Host", and then you can view and set a Host list in the screen as shown in Figure 4-79.

Description	Details	Edi
IPv6 WAN1	3333::/64 /888-999	Ed



- > **Description:** Here displays the description about the WAN and this description is unique.
- > **Details:** The details can be IPv6 address, prefix length or port.
- **Edit:** To modify an existing entry.

To add a new entry, please follow the steps below.

1. Click the **Add New** button, and you will see the screen as shown in Figure 4-80.

IPv6 WAN Host			
	Description:	IPv6 WAN1	
	IPv6 Address:	3333::	
	Prefix Length:	64	
	Port:	888 - 999	

Figure 4-80

- 2. Create a unique description for the host (e.g. Host_1) in the **Description** field.
- 3. Enter an IPv6 address in the **IPv6 Address** field.
- 4. Enter the prefix length of the IPv6 address in the **Prefix Length** field.
- 5. Click the **Save** button to save the settings.

Click the **Delete Selected** button to delete selected entries.

4.13.4 IPv6 Schedule

Choose menu "IPv6 Firewall" \rightarrow "IPv6 Schedule", and then you can view and set a Schedule list in the next screen as shown in Figure 4-81.

IPv6 Task Schedule			
		Description	Edit
		IPv6 Sche1	Edit
Add New	Delete Selecte	d	



- > **Description**: Here displays the description of the schedule and this description is unique.
- **Edit**: Here you can modify an existing schedule.

To add a new schedule, follow the steps below:

1. Click Add New button and you will see the screen as shown in Figure 4-82.

Pv6 Task Schedule Schedule can be set on this page.	D	escri	iptior	n:	IPv6	Sch	e1			_							
Арріу То:	Start Tin	ne					Er	nd Tii	me								
Each Day 💙	00:00	*					24:0	0		*						Add	
	Time	0:00	1:00	2:00	3:00	4:00	5:00	6:00	7:00	8:00	9:00	10:00	11:00	12:00	1:00	2:00	
	Sun.																
	Mon.																
	Tues.																
	Wed.																
	Thur. Fri.																
	Sat.																
		<														>	
Clear Schedule																	
						Sav	re			Ba	ck						

Figure 4-82

- 2. Create a unique description for the schedule (e.g. Schedule_1) in **Description** field.
- 3. Select the day or days you need in **Apply To** field.
- 4. In time field, you can select all day-24 hours or you may enter the **Start Time** and **Stop Time** in the corresponding field.
- 5. Click **Save** to save the settings.

Click the **Clear Schedule** button to clear your settings in the table.

Click the **Delete Selected** button to delete selected entries.

4.14 IPv6 Tunnel

IPv6 tunnel is a kind of transition mechanism to enable IPv6-only hosts to reach IPv4 services and to allow isolated IPv6 hosts and networks to reach each-other over IPv4-only infrastructure before IPv6 completely supplants IPv4. It is a temporary solution for networks that do not support native dual-stack, where both IPv6 and IPv4 run independently.

Choose menu "IPv6 Tunnel", and you will see the screen as shown in Figure 4-83.

IPv6 Tunnel	
Note: You must reconfigure this page after rebooting the device the tunnel.	. And you must also make sure that the WAN connection you want to use is connected before you configure
Enable	
Mechanism:	DS-Lite 🛩
WAN Connection:	No available interface. 🗸
Configuration Type:	O Auto 💿 Manual
Remote IPv6 Address:	::
	Save

Figure 4-83

Enable: Check the box to enable IPv6 Tunnel function. It is disabled by default.

Mechanism: Select a type for IPv6 tunnel from the drop-down list. DS-Lite, 6RD and 6to4 are supported.

1) DS-Lite

This type is used in the situation that your WAN connection is IPv6 while LAN connection is IPv4. Select DS-Lite, and you will see the screen as shown in Figure 4-84.

Enable Mechanism:	☑ DS-Lite ☑
WAN Connection:	pppoe_8_35_0_d 💌
Configuration Type:	🔿 Auto 💿 Manual
Remote IPv6 Address:	3333::1

Figure 4-84

- WAN Connection: Select a WAN connection from the drop-down list. Only the connected WAN connections can be shown in the drop-down list.
- Configuration Type: Select a configuration type for this tunnel. Auto means to obtain the Remote IPv6 Address automatically while Manual means you set it manually.
- **Remote IPv6 Address:** Enter the IPv6 address of the remote node.

Note:

In this type, there should not have any IPv4 WAN connections. If there are IPv4 WAN connections, the page will prompt you to delete all the IPv4 WAN connections.

2) 6RD

This type is used in the situation that your WAN connection is IPv4 while LAN connection is IPv6. Select 6RD, and you will see the screen as shown in Figure 4-85.

Enable Mechanism:	GRD
WAN Connection:	pppoe_8_35_0_d 🖌
Configuration Type:	🔿 Auto 💿 Manual
IPv4 Mask Length:	24
6RD Prefix:	2222::
6RD Prefix Length:	24
Border Relay IPv4 Address:	188.88.88.9

Figure 4-85

WAN Connection: Select a WAN connection from the drop-down list. Only the connected WAN connections can be shown in the drop-down list.

- Configuration Type: Select a configuration type for this tunnel. Auto means to obtain the following parameters automatically while Manual means you set them manually. If Auto is selected, only Dynamic IP connection can be selected from the drop-down list.
- > **IPv4 Mask Length:** The length of the selected WAN connection's IPv4 mask.
- > 6RD Prefix: The prefix of the 6RD tunnel.
- > 6RD Prefix Length: The length of the 6RD prefix.
- **Border Relay IPv4 Address:** The IPv4 address of the border relay router of 6RD tunnel.

Note:

In this type, there should not have any IPv6 WAN connections. If there are IPv6 WAN connections, the page will prompt you to delete all the IPv6 WAN connections.

3) 6to4

This type is used in the situation that your WAN connection is IPv4 while LAN connection is IPv6. Select 6to4, and you will see the screen as shown in Figure 4-86.

Enable Mechanism:	✓6to4
WAN Connection:	pppoe_8_35_0_d 💌



WAN Connection: Select a WAN connection from the drop-down list. Only the connected WAN connections can be shown in the drop-down list.

Note:

In this type, there should not have any IPv6 WAN connections. If there are IPv6 WAN connections, the page will prompt you to delete all the IPv6 WAN connections.

4.15 Bandwidth Control

Choose menu "**Bandwidth Control**", and then you can configure the Upstream Bandwidth and Downstream Bandwidth in the next screen. The values you configure should be less than 1000000Kbps. For optimal control of the bandwidth, please select the right Line Type and ask your ISP for the total bandwidth of the egress and ingress.

		0	, p =	you are no	l barb abbat a	ese mornation, pie	ase ask your ISP fo	r neip.		
Enable Bandwidth Control										
	Li	ne Type:	💿 ADSL 🔘 Other							
	Total Upstream Ba	ndwidth:		Kbps						
Total Downstream Bandwidth:			1			Kbps				
	-									
Save	-									
Save dwidth Control Rules	-		[
	-	ndwidth:	Jpstream Bandwidth		Downstrea	m Bandwidth	Status	Edit		

Figure 4-87

- Enable Bandwidth Control: Check this box so that the Bandwidth Control settings can take effect.
- Line Type: Select the right type for you network connection. If you don't know how to choose, please ask your ISP for the information.
- > Total Upstream Bandwidth The upload speed through the WAN port.
- > Total Downstream Bandwidth The download speed through the WAN port.
- > **Description:** This is the information about the rules such as address range.
- Priority: Priority of Bandwidth Control rules. '1' stands for the highest priority while '8' stands for the lowest priority. The total Upstream/ Downstream Bandwidth is first allocated to guarantee all the Min Rate of Bandwidth Control rules. If there is any bandwidth left, it is first allocated to the rule with the highest priority, then to the rule with the second highest priority, and so on.
- Upstream bandwidth: This field displays the max and mix upload bandwidth through the WAN port, the default is 0.
- Downstream bandwidth: This field displays the max and mix download bandwidth through the WAN port, the default is 0.
- Status: The status of this rule either Enabled or Disabled.
- **Edit:** Click **Edit** to modify the rule.

To add/modify a Bandwidth Control rule, follow the steps below.

- 1. Click Add New shown in Figure 4-87, you will see a new screen shown in Figure 4-88.
- 2. Enter the information as the screen shown below.

Bandwidth Control	
✓ Enable	
IP Range: Port Range: Protocol: Priority:	
Upstream: Downstream:	Min Rate(Kbps) Max Rate(Kbps)
	Save Back

Figure 4-88

3. Click the **Save** button.

Click the Enable/ Disable Selected button to make selected entries enabled or disabled.

Click the **Delete Selected** button to delete selected entries.

4.16 **IP&MAC Binding**

IP & MAC Binding
Binding Settings
ARP List

There are two submenus under the IP &MAC Binding menu: **Binding Settings** and **ARP List**. Click any of them, and you will be able to scan or configure the corresponding function. The detailed explanations for each submenu are provided below.

4.16.1 Binding Settings

This page displays the **IP & MAC Binding Setting** table; you can operate it in accord with your desire (shown in Figure 4-89).

Binding Set	tings				
		ARP Binding	: O Enable 💿 Disable	ave	
		MAC Address	IP Address	Binding Status	Edit
		40:61:86:FC:74:29	192.168.1.100	Bound	Edit
	Add Ne	w Enable Selected Disat	le Selected Delete Selected		·
			Refresh		

Figure 4-89

- > **MAC Address:** The MAC address of the controlled computer in the LAN.
- > **IP Address:** The assigned IP address of the controlled computer in the LAN.
- **Bounding Status:** Check this option to enable ARP binding for a specific device.
- **Edit:** To modify or delete an existing entry.

When you want to add or modify an IP & MAC Binding entry, you can click the **Add New** button or **Edit** button, and then you will go to the next page. This page is used for adding or modifying an IP & MAC Binding entry (shown in Figure 4-90.)

Binding Settings			
This page allows you to set IP-MAC Binding entries.			
MAC Address:			
IP Address:			
Bind			
	Save	Back	
	0410	Dask	

Figure 4-90

To add IP & MAC Binding entries, follow the steps below.

- 1. Click the Add New button as shown in Figure 4-89.
- 2. Enter the MAC Address and IP Address.
- 3. Select the Bind checkbox.
- 4. Click the **Save** button to save it.

To modify or delete an existing entry, follow the steps below.

- 1. Find the desired entry in the table.
- 2. Click Edit as desired on the Edit column.

Click the Enable/ Disable Selected button to make selected entries enabled or disabled.

Click the **Delete Selected** button to delete selected entries.

4.16.2 ARP List

To manage the computer, you could observe the computers in the LAN by checking the relationship of MAC address and IP address on the ARP list, and you could also configure the items on the ARP list. This page displays the ARP List; it shows all the existing IP & MAC Binding entries (shown in Figure 4-91).

ARP List				
		MAC Address	IP Address	Status
		40:61:86:E5:B2:DC	192.168.1.100	Loaded
Load Selec	ted	Delete Selected		
			Refresh	

Figure 4-91

- > MAC Address: The MAC address of the controlled computer in the LAN.
- > **IP Address:** The assigned IP address of the controlled computer in the LAN.
- Status: Indicates whether or not the MAC and IP addresses are bound.
- **Load:** Load the item to the IP & MAC Binding list.

Click the Load Selected button to load selected items to the IP & MAC Binding list.

Click the **Refresh** button to refresh all items.

4.17 Dynamic DNS

Choose menu "Dynamic DNS", and you can configure the Dynamic DNS function.

The modem router offers the **DDNS** (Dynamic Domain Name System) feature, which allows the hosting of a website, FTP server, or e-mail server with a fixed domain name (named by yourself) and a dynamic IP address, and then your friends can connect to your server by entering your domain name no matter what your IP address is. Before using this feature, you need to sign up for DDNS service providers such as <u>www.dyndns.org</u>. The Dynamic DNS client service provider will give you a password or key.

DDNS Settings	
Parameters of dynDns can be set on this page.	
Service Provider:	www.dyndns.org 👻 Go to register
Domain Name:	
User Name:	
Password:	
Enable DDNS	
Connection Status:	Disconnected
Logout	
	Save

Figure 4-92

- > Service Provider: This field displays the service provider of DDNS.
- **Domain Name:** Enter the Domain name you received from dynamic DNS service provider.
- **Username & Password:** Type the "User Name" and "Password" for your DDNS account.
- > Enable DDNS: Activate the DDNS function or not.
- > Login/ Logout: Login to or logout of the DDNS service.

4.18 Diagnostic

Choose "**Diagnostic**", you can view the test results for the connectivity of the physical layer and protocol layer for both LAN and WAN sides in the screen. Select the desired type and click the start button.

Diagnostics Tools	
The router's internet connection status can be tested on) this page. Please select the desired type and click the start button.
The folder a internet connection status can be tested on	Tano page. I rease select the desired type and click the start batton.
Diagnostics Type	Test internet surfing 🛛 💙 Start
	Test internet surfing
	Test WAN interface connection

Figure 4-93

4.19 System Tools

System Tools
System Log
Time Settings
Manage Control
CWMP Settings
SNMP Settings
Backup & Restore
Factory Defaults
Firmware Upgrade
Reboot
Statistics

Choose menu "System Tools", and you can see the submenus under the main menu: System Log, Time Settings, Manage Control, CWMP Settings, SNMP Settings, Backup & Restore, Factory Defaults, Firmware Upgrade, Reboot and Statistics. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function. The detailed explanations for each submenu are provided below.

4.19.1 System Log

Choose menu "System Tools" \rightarrow "System Log", and then you can view the logs of the modem router.

System L	.og			
	Log Type:	ALL	*	Log Level: Debug
Index	Time	Туре	Level	Content
			Re	fresh Clear Log Save Log Log Settings

Figure 4-94

- **Log Type:** By selecting the log type, only logs of this type will be shown.
- **Log Level:** By selecting the log level, only logs of this level will be shown.
- > **Refresh:** Refresh the page to show the latest log list.
- Clear Log: All the logs will be deleted from the modem router permanently, not just from the page.
- Save Log: Click to save all the logs in a txt file.
- **Log Settings:** Click to set the logs in the screen (shown in Figure 4-95).

Syslog Settings	
☑ Save Locally	Minimum Level Information
Save Remotely	
	Save Back

Figure 4-95

- > Save Locally: If Save Locally is selected, events will be recorded in the local memory.
- Minimum Level: Select the Minimum level in the drop-down list, for the Minimum Level, all logged events above or equal to the selected level will be displayed.
- Save Remotely: If Save Remotely is selected, events will be sent to the specified IP address and UDP port of the remote system log server.

Click the **Save** button to save your settings.

4.19.2 Time Settings

Choose menu "System Tools" \rightarrow "Time Settings", and then you can configure the time on the following screen.

TD-W8970B 300Mbps	Wireless N Gigabit ADSL2+ Modem Router (Annex B) User Guide
Time Settings	
The system time of Modem F	outer can be set on this page. You can set the time manually or get standard GMT from the Internet.
Time Zone:	(GMT+08:00) Beijing, Chongqing, Urumchi, Hong Kong, Taipei 🛛 👻
Date:	2000 Year 1 Month 1 Day
Time:	0 Hour 1 Minute 29 Second
NTP Server Pri	
NTP Server Pri	or 2:
Get GM	(Only when the Internet connection is on.)
Get GW	
	Save

Figure 4-96

- > Time Zone: Select your local time zone from this pull down list.
- > **Date:** Enter your local date in MM/DD/YY into the right blanks.
- **Time:** Enter your local time in HH/MM/SS into the right blanks.
- NTP Server 1 / NTP Server 2: Enter the address or domain of the NTP Server 1 or NTP Server 2, and then the modem router will get the time from the NTP Server preferentially. In addition, the modem router built-in some common NTP Servers, so it can get time automatically once it connects the Internet.

To set time manually:

- 1. Select your local time zone.
- 2. Enter the **Date** in Year/Month/Day format.
- 3. Enter the **Time** in Hour/Minute/Second format.
- 4. Click Save.

To set time automatically:

- 1. Select your local time zone.
- 2. Enter the address or domain of the NTP Server 1 or NTP Server 2.
- 3. Click the **Get GMT** button to get system time from Internet if you have connected to the Internet.

4.19.3 Manage Control

Choose "System Tools" \rightarrow "Manage Control", you can see the screen (shown in Figure 4-97)

Manage Control				
Current User Status				
User Typ	e: Admin			
User Nam	e: admin			
Host IP Addres	s: 192.168.1.121			
Host MAC Addres	s: 40:61:86:E5:B2:DC			
Account Management				
Old Passwor	d:			
New User Nam				
New Passwor				
Confirm Passwor				
Confirm Passwor	u.			
Service Configuration				
	HTTP Service	e	Host(IP/MAC)	
Local Management	Port 80			
Remote Management	Enable 🗌 Port 🕫			
L				
	Save			

Figure 4-97

- Current User Status: This box displays the information about User Type, User Name, Host IP Address and Host MAC Address.
- Account Management: Here you can set the account user information about Old Password, New User Name, New Password and Confirm Password.
- Service Configuration: Here you can modify the port of the modem router's web management interface and limit the hosts which can login this modem router's web management interface.

4.19.4 CWMP Settings

Choose "System Tools" \rightarrow "CWMP Settings", you can configure the CWMP function in the screen.

The modem router offers CWMP feature. The function supports TR-069 protocol which collects information, diagnoses the devices and configures the devices automatically via ACS (Auto-Configuration Server).

CWMP Settings

-Configuration Server (ACS) to perform auto-configuration, provision, collection, a ues and click "Save/Apply" to configure the TR-069 client options.
🔘 Enable 💿 Disable
○ Enable ④ Disable
300
admin

Any_WAN
Enable Disable
admin

/tr069
7547

Figure 4-98

- **CWMP:** Select enable the CWMP function.
- Inform: Enable or disable the function. If enabled, the information will be informed to ACS server periodically.
- > Inform Interval: Enter the interval time here.
- > **ACS URL:** Enter the website of ACS which is provided by your ISP.
- > ACS User Name/Password: Enter the User Name and password to login the ACS server.
- > Interface used by TR-069 client: Select the interface used by TR-069 client.
- > **Display SOAP messages on serial console:** Enable or disable this function.
- Connection Request User Name/Password: Enter the User Name and Password that provided the ACS server to login the modem router.
- Connection Request Path: Enter the path that connects to the ACS server.
- Connection Request Port: Enter the port that connects to the ACS server.
- **Connection Request URL:** Enter the URL that connects to the ACS server.

4.19.5 SNMP Settings

Choose "System Tools" \rightarrow "SNMP Settings", you can see the SNMP-Configuration screen as shown below.

SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol) has been widely applied in the computer networks currently, which is used for ensuring the transmission of the management information between any two nodes. In this way, network administrators can easily search and modify the information on any node on the network. Meanwhile, they can locate faults promptly and implement the fault diagnosis, capacity planning and report generating.

SNMP Settings	
Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) allows a management applicati	ion to retrieve statistics and status from the SNMP agent in this device.
SNMP Agent: 💿	Disable O Enable
	Save

Figure 4-99

An **SNMP Agent** is an application running on the modem router that performs the operational role of receiving and processing SNMP messages, sending responses to the SNMP manager, and sending traps when an event occurs. So a router contains SNMP "agent" software can be monitored and/or controlled by SNMP Manager using SNMP messages.

4.19.6 Backup & Restore

Choose menu "System Tools" \rightarrow "Backup & Restore", and then you can save the current configuration of the modem router as a backup file and restore the configuration via a backup file as shown in Figure 4-100.

ckup and R	estore		
	ckup button to save all configuration settings to your local computer as a file.We suggest you back up your configuration files first before ettings or upgrading firmware.		
Ba	ckup		
You can res	tore your settings by loading configuration files.		
Configura	ion File: Browse Restore		
Notice:	1.The current configuration will be covered with the uploading configuration file. Wrong process will lead		
	the device unmanaged.		
	2.The restoring process lasts for 20 seconds and the Router will restart automatically then. Keep the		
	power of the Router on during the process, in case of any damage.		

Figure 4-100

- Click the **Backup** button to save all configuration settings as a backup file in your local computer.
- > To upgrade the modem router 's configuration, follow these instructions.
 - Click the **Browse** button to find the configuration file which you want to restore.
 - Click the **Restore** button to update the configuration with the file whose path is the one you have input or selected in the blank.

Note:

The current configuration will be covered with the uploading configuration file. Wrong process will lead the device unmanaged. The restoring process lasts for 20 seconds and the modem router will restart automatically then. Keep the power of the modem router on during the process, in case of any damage.

4.19.7 Factory Defaults

Choose menu "System Tools \rightarrow Factory Defaults", and then and you can restore the configurations of the modem router to factory defaults on the following screen

Factory Defaults
Click this button below to restore factory defaults.
Restore

Figure 4-101

Click the **Restore** button to reset all configuration settings to their default values.

- The default User Name: admin
- The default **Password**: admin
- The default Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0

Note:

All changed settings will be lost when defaults are restored.

4.19.8 Firmware Upgrade

Choose menu "System Tools \rightarrow Firmware Upgrade", and then you can update the latest version of firmware for the modem router on the following screen.

Firmware Upgrade	
You'll get new functions after upgrading the firmware of	the router.
Firmware File Path:	Browse
Firmware version:	0.6.0 1.1 v000d.0 Build 130606 Rel.50855n
Hardware version:	TD-W8970B v1 00000000
Note:	
1. Please select the right firmware version correspondin	g to the hardware version of this device.
2. It is important to keep power on during the whole pro-	cess to avoid damage to the device.
3. The upgrade process takes about 50 seconds, after	that, the modem router will reboot automatically.
	Upgrade

Figure 4-102

- Firmware Version: Displays the current firmware version.
- Hardware Version: Displays the current hardware version. The hardware version of the upgrade file must accord with the modem router's current hardware version.

To upgrade the modem router's firmware, follow these instructions below:

- 1) Download a most recent firmware upgrade file from our website (www.tp-link.com).
- 2) Enter or select the path name where you save the downloaded file on the computer into the **Firmware File Path** blank.
- 3) Click the **Upgrade** button.
- 4) The modem router will reboot while the upgrading has been finished.

Note:

- New firmware versions are posted at <u>http://www.tp-link.com</u> and can be downloaded for free. There is no need to upgrade the firmware unless the new firmware has a new feature you want to use. However, when experiencing problems caused by the modem router rather than the configuration, you can try to upgrade the firmware.
- 2) When you upgrade the modem router's firmware, you may lose its current configurations, so before upgrading the firmware please write down some of your customized settings to avoid losing important settings.
- 3) Do not turn off the modem router or press the Reset button while the firmware is being upgraded. Loss of power during the upgrade could damage the modem router.
- 4) The firmware version must correspond to the hardware.
- 5) The upgrade process takes a few moments and the modem router restarts automatically when the upgrade is complete.

4.19.9 Reboot

Choose menu "System Tools" \rightarrow "Reboot", and then you can click the Reboot button to reboot the modem router via the next screen.

System Reboot
Click this button below to reboot the router.
Reboot

Figure 4-103

Some settings of the modem router will take effect only after rebooting, which include

- Change the LAN IP Address (system will reboot automatically).
- Change the DHCP Settings.
- Change the Wireless configurations.
- Change the Web Management Port.
- Upgrade the firmware of the modem router (system will reboot automatically).
- Restore the modem router's settings to factory defaults (system will reboot automatically).
- Update the configuration with the file (system will reboot automatically.

4.19.10 Statistics

Choose menu "System Tools" \rightarrow "Statistics", and then you can view the statistics of the Modem router, including total traffic and current traffic of the last Packets Statistic Interval.

Traffic Statistics	raffic Statistics							
Traffic Statist	icsLAN							
Statistics List		Statistics:			e Interval:	Save 10 💙 Sei	:	
	То	tal	Current			Current		
IP Address MAC Address	Packets	Bytes	Packets	Bytes	ІСМР ТХ	UDP Tx	SYN TX	Operation
	Current list is blank							
	Reset All Delete All Refresh							

Figure 4-104

- Statistics Status: Enable or Disable. The default value is disabled. To enable it, click the Enable. If it is disabled, the function of DoS protection in Security settings will be disabled.
- Statistics Interval (5-60): The default value is 10. Select a value between 5 and 60 seconds in the drop-down list. The Packets Statistic interval indicates the time section of the packets statistic.

Click **Reset All** to reset the values of all the entries to zero.

Click **Delete All** to delete all entries in the table.

Click the **Refresh** button to refresh immediately.

IP/MAC Address		The IP and MAC address are displayed with related statistics.	
Total		The total number of packets received and transmitted by the modem router.	
		The total number of bytes received and transmitted by the modem router.	
	Packets The total number of packets received and transmitted in the last Pa Statistic interval seconds.		
	Bytes	The total number of bytes received and transmitted in the last Packets Statistic interval seconds.	
		The number of the ICMP packets transmitted to WAN per second at the specified Packets Statistics interval. It is shown like "current transmitting rate / Max transmitting rate".	
	UDP Tx	The number of UDP packets transmitted to the WAN per second at the specified Packets Statistics interval. It is shown like "current transmitting rate / Max transmitting rate".	
	SYN TxThe number of TCP SYN packets transmitted to the WAN per second at specified Packets Statistics interval. It is shown like "current transmitting / Max transmitting rate".		
Operation	Reset	Reset the value of he entry to zero.	
Operation Delete Delete Delete the existing entry in the table.		Delete the existing entry in the table.	

4.20 Logout

Choose "Logout", and you will back to the login screen as shown in Figure 4-105.

TP-LINK°	300Mbps Wireless N Gigabit ADSL2+ Modem Router Model No. TD-W8970B
	P
	Login
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Figure 4-105

Appendix A: Specifications

General		
Standards and Protocols	ANSI T1.413, ITU G.992.1, ITU G.992.2, ITU G.992.3, ITU G.992.5, IEEE 802.11b, IEEE 802.11g, IEEE 802.11n, IEEE 802.3, IEEE 802.3u, TCP/IP, PPPoA, PPPoE, SNTP, HTTP, DHCP, ICMP, NAT, Annex B	
Safety & Emission	FCC, CE	
Ports	Four 10/100/1000M Auto-Negotiation RJ45 ports (Auto MDI/MDIX) One RJ11 port Two USB 2.0 ports	
LEDs	 ● Power, ● ADSL, ● Internet, SWLAN, ● WPS, ↔ USB, ■ 1,2,3,4(LAN), O (USB on the back panel) 	
Network Medium	10Base-T: UTP category 3, 4, 5 cable 100Base-TX: UTP category-5 1000Base-TX: UTP category-5 Max line length: 6.5Km	
Data Rates	Downstream: Up to 24Mbps Upstream: Up to 1Mbps	
System Requirement	Internet Explorer 5.0 or later, Netscape Navigator 6.0 or later Win 9x/ ME/ 2000/ XP/ Vista/ 7	
Physical and Environment		
Working Temperature	0°C ~ 40°C	
Working Humidity	10% ~ 90% RH (non-condensing)	
Storage Temperature	-40°C ~ 70°C	
Storage Humidity	5% ~ 90% RH (non-condensing)	

Appendix B: Troubleshooting

T1. How do I restore my modem router's configuration to its factory default settings?

With the modem router powered on, press and hold the **RESET** button on the rear panel for 8 to 10 seconds before releasing it.

PNote:

Once the modem router is reset, the current configuration settings will be lost and you will need to re-configure the router.

T2. What can I do if I don't know or forget my password?

- 1) Restore the modem router's configuration to its factory default settings. If you don't know how to do that, please refer to **T1**.
- 2) Use the default user name and password: admin, admin.
- 3) Try to configure your modem router once again by following the instructions in <u>3.2 Quick</u> Installation Guide.

T3. What can I do if I cannot access the web-based configuration page?

1) Configure your computer's IP Address.

For Mac OS X

- Click the Apple icon on the upper left corner of the screen.
- Go to "System Preferences -> Network".
- Select **Airport** on the left menu bar, and then click **Advanced** for wireless configuration; or select **Ethernet** for wired configuration.
- In the Con-figure IPv4 box under TCP/IP, select Using DHCP.
- Click **Apply** to save the settings.

For Windows 7

- Click "Start -> Control Panel -> Network and Internet -> View network status -> Change adapter settings".
- Right-click Wireless Network Connection (or Local Area Connection), and then click Properties.
- Select Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4), and then click Properties.
- Select Obtain an IP address automatically and Obtain DNS server address automatically. Then click OK.

For Windows XP

- Click "Start -> Control Panel -> Network and Internet Connections -> Network Connections".
- Right-click Wireless Network Connection (or Local Area Connection), and then click Properties.
- Select Internet Protocol (TCP/IP), and then click Properties.

• Select Obtain an IP address automatically and Obtain DNS server address automatically. Then click OK.

For Windows 8

- Move your mouse to the lower right corner and you will see **Search** icon in the Popups.
- Go to Apps, type Control Panel in the search box and press Enter.
- Click "Control Panel -> View network status and tasks -> Change adapter settings".
- Right-click "Ethernet", select Properties. Then double-click Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4).
- Select Obtain an IP address automatically, choose Obtain DNS server address automatically and then click OK.

2) Configure your IE browser

	🍘 about:blank - Microsoft Internet Explorer
Open your IE browser, click	File Edit View Favorites Tools Help
Tools tab and you will see the	🕞 Back 👻 🕞 👻 🙀 Mail and News
following screen.	Pop-up Blocker
	Address 🙆 about:blank Manage Add-ons
	Synchronize
	Windows Update
	Windows Messenger
	Diagnose Connection Problems
	Televenth Onlines
Click Internet Options	Internet Options
	Internet Options
	General Security Privacy Content Connections Programs Advanced
	General Security Privacy Content Connections Programs Advanced To set up an Internet connection, click Setup
	To set up an Internet connection, click

	Add
	Remove
	Choose Settings if you need to configure a proxy Settings
Select Never dial a	Never dial a connection
connection	Dial whenever a network connection is not present
	C Always dial my default connection Current None Set Default
	Local Area Network (LAN) settings LAN Settings do not apply to dial-up connections. Choose Settings above for dial-up settings.
	OK Cancel Apply
Click OK	

Now, try to log on to the Web-based configuration page again after the above settings have been configured. If you still cannot access the configuration page, please restore your modem router's factory default settings and reconfigure your modem router following the instructions in <u>3.2 Quick</u> Installation Guide. Please feel free to contact our Technical Support if the problem still exists.

T4. What can I do if I cannot access the Internet?

- 1) Check to see if all the connectors are connected well, including the telephone line, Ethernet cables and power adapter.
- 2) Check to see if you can log on to the web management page of the modem router. If you can, try the following steps. If you cannot, please set your computer referring to T3 then try to see if you can access the Internet. If the problem persists, please go to the next step.
- 3) Consult your ISP and make sure all the VPI/VCI, Connection Type, account username and password are correct. If there are any mistakes, please correct the settings and try again.
- 4) If you still cannot access the Internet, please restore your modem router to its factory default settings and reconfigure your modem router by following the instructions in <u>3.2 Quick</u> Installation Guide.
- 5) Please feel free to contact our Technical Support if the problem still exists.

Pote:

For more details about Troubleshooting and Technical Support contact information, please log on to our Technical Support Website: http://www.tp-link.com/en/support

Appendix C: Technical Support

